

# THE POST.

WILL BE PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY  
AT LEBANON, KY.,  
BY W. W. JACK.

TERMS:—This Post will be furnished subscribers at the following rates:  
One year, in advance, \$2 00  
If paid within six months, 2 50  
At the end of the year, 3 00

## Doct's Corner.



For the Post.  
THE SACREN.

RESPECTFULLY DEDICATED TO W. W. JACK.

Sweet eve had thrown her fading, mystic robe  
O'er Nature's face, and dewy gems dropped  
down  
And sparkled on the wild flower's purple breast.  
Yea, each green leaf and blade of grass was decked  
With those pure drops that fell from Nature's  
fount.

The evening star kept vigil in the West,  
And the white clouds of the east revelled in  
The fairy beauties of the full-orbed moon.  
Deep shadows death-like crept along the  
ground,  
And, save the brooklet's song, all else was  
hushed.

"Silence was deep and slumber was profound,"  
As-came-gee, the aged Sacren, sat  
Alone and sad amid the mounds that held  
The white bones of his once illustrious tribe.  
The dew-drops fell upon the war-chief's brow  
As if in pity—they had come to cool  
The wild and burning thoughts that racked his  
brain.

As long and mournfully he gazed upon  
The last sad home of his once-gallant braves,  
And, as his memory turned back to the days  
When his proud tribe around him stood in war;  
His eye rekindled and his wild breast heaved,  
And thus the red-man mused:

The eagle mates  
Not with the sparrow, neither with the dove,  
Neither mates the red-man with the white.  
Like leaves in the sunny Spring, the pale-face  
came.

And like the summer flowers to the Autumn yield,  
So must the red-man yield unto the white.  
Oh! Man-e-to, thou hast left me alone—  
A wilderness trod upon a barren spot.  
Oh! Man-e-to, why farest thou to be  
The last leaf of my tribe? Oh! can I look  
On graves of "children, braves, old men and all"  
And then not wish to lie with them in death?  
Oh! hasten, thou, Great Spirit, and bear off  
My restless soul unto the place where deer  
And elk in plenty roam, and I shall be  
Among the happy spirits of my tribe.

High up, amid a galaxy of stars,  
And resting on the milky-way's white wings  
The moon as if had stopped to gaze awhile  
Upon the heavenly brightness thrown o'er earth;  
And, as she then moved 'long her starry path,  
She seemed to throw a pensive ray of light  
And weave a pure and hallowed net around  
The drooping form of that proud Mohawk chief.  
As-came-gee still was there, sad and lone  
For now he knew his hour had come, and he  
Had laid his head within his ample robe.  
And laid him down upon a mound to die.  
While, from his lips there fell a solemn chant—  
The death song of his tribe.

Calmly his soul  
Now winged its way unto the place where he  
In life had wished and prayed that it might go.  
Before another sun arose, he came  
Two hunters, of the pale-face tribe, and there  
They found the body of As-came-gee  
Shrouded in his robe and cap to earth.  
Fitting the aged chief, they opened  
A grave beside the one where he died  
And laid him there to sleep among his braves.  
GREENSBORO, Ky., April, 1856. J. A. H

## Communicated.

For the Post.

We have lately seen among us the Rev.  
Father Abbot, of the La Trappes of Gethsemani,  
asking an appeal to the charity of  
the faithful, for the erection of his church  
and monastery. It was with pleasure  
that we listened to his grateful acknowl-  
edgments for the generosity and zeal with  
which all the surrounding congregations  
have responded to his call; yet we were  
more especially touched by the account he  
gave us of another work which he has  
commenced—a work most praiseworthy,  
and one in which all the friends of hu-  
manity must take a lively interest.

Deeply moved by the sad condition of  
many unfortunate workmen, who, from  
hardships and exposure, while laboring on  
the public roads, are frequently prostrated  
with disease, without the comfort of a  
friendly hand to minister to their wants,  
The Rev. Father has opened to them the  
arms of his charity in establishing a sort  
of Infirmary, where these poor, friendless  
ones are cared for during their sickness—  
not as strangers, but as brothers. At the  
present time, twenty of these indigent  
sufferers are nourished by the bounty of  
the good "Children of St. Bernard" at  
Gethsemani.

It is easy to understand what expense  
attends such a work, and how needy these  
good Fathers often find themselves of  
clothing and bed-linen, to render their pa-  
tients cleanly and comfortable. It is well  
known that the people of Kentucky have  
merited the title of "hospitable," and are  
renowned for the alacrity with which the  
wants of their suffering brethren are re-  
lieved. Therefore we deem it only neces-  
sary to point out to them a field where their  
zeal in the cause of suffering humanity may  
be exercised.

In almost every family there may be  
found many articles of bed-covering and  
men's clothing which are nearly, if not  
entirely useless. By the bestowal of such  
articles, we would be materially assisting  
these good Monks in the maintenance of  
a cause, noble and humane;—and while  
partaking of their charity, would acquire  
a right to their gratitude and prayers; and  
above all, a share in their heavenly recom-  
pense;—for we are all children of that  
God who has promised that a cup of cold  
water given in His name, shall not go un-  
rewarded.

AGNES.

# THE



# POST.

VOL. 4,

LEBANON, WEDNESDAY, APRIL 9, 1856.

NO. 17.

## Witty and Amusing Anecdotes.

From Recollections of the Table-Talk of Sam'l Rogers.

WELLINGTON.

Speaking to me of Bonaparte, the Duke of Wellington remarked that in one respect he was superior to all the Generals who had ever existed. "Was it," I asked, "in the management and skillful arrangement of his troops?" "No," answered the duke, "it was in his power of concentration such vast masses of men—a very important point in the art of war."

"I have found," said the Duke, "that raw troops, however inferior to the old ones in maneuvering are far superior to them in downright hard fighting with the enemy. At Waterloo, the young Esquimaux and Lieutenants, who had never before seen a battle, rushed to meet death as if they had been playing at cricket."

The Duke thinks very highly of Napier's History; it's only fault he says, is that Napier is sometimes apt to convince himself that a thing must be true, because he wishes to believe it. Of Southey's History he merely said, "I don't think much of it."

Of the Duke's perfect coolness on the most trying occasions, Colonel Gurwood gave me this instance. He was once in great danger of being drowned at sea. It was bed time when the captain of the vessel came to him and said, "It will soon be all over with us." "Very well," answered the Duke, "then I shall not take off my boots."

SYDNEY SMITH.

He said that ——— was so fond of contradiction that he would throw up the window in the middle of the night and contradict the watchman who was calling the hour.

When his physician advised him to "take a walk upon an empty stomach," Smith asked "Upon whose?"

"Lady Gray," said Smith, "was once so moved by a charity sermon that she begged me to lend her a guinea for contribution. I did so. She never repaid me, and spent it on herself."

He said that "his idea of heaven was eating fois gras to the sound of trumpets." "I had a very odd dream last night," said he; "I dreamed that there were thirty-nine Muses and nine Artichokes; and my head is still quite confused about them."

ERSKINE.

When Lord Erskine heard that some body had died worth two hundred thousand pounds, he observed, "Well, that's a very pretty sum to begin the next world with."

"A friend of mine," said Erskine, "was suffering from a continual wakefulness, and various methods were tried to send him to sleep, but in vain. At last his physicians resorted to an experiment which succeeded perfectly; they dressed him in a watchman's coat, put a lantern into his hand, placed him in a sentry box, and—he was asleep in ten minutes."

To all letters soliciting his subscription to anything, Erskine had a regular form of reply, viz: "Sir, I feel much honored by your application to me, and beg to subscribe"—here the reader had to turn over the leaf—"myself your very obedient servant," &c.

Erskine used to say that when the hour came that all secrets should be revealed, we should know the reason why—shoes are always made too tight.

When he had a house at Hampstead, he entertained the very best company. I have dined there with the Prince of Wales—the only time I ever had any conversation with his Royal Highness. On that occasion the Prince was very agreeable and familiar. Among other anecdotes which he told us of Lord Thurlow, I remember these two. The first was: Thurlow once said to the Prince, "Sir, your father will continue to be a popular king as long as he continues to go to church every Sunday, and to be faithful to that ugly woman, your mother, but you, Sir, will never be popular." The other was this: While his servants were carrying Thurlow up stairs to his bed-room, just before his death, they happened to let his legs strike against the banisters, upon which he uttered the last words he ever spoke—a frightful imprecation on "all their souls."

Erskine said that the Prince of Wales was quite "a cosmogony man," (alluding to The Vicar of Wakefield) for he had only two classical quotations—one from Homer and one from Virgil, which he never failed to sport when there was any opportunity of introducing them.

Laterly Erskine was very poor; and no wonder, for he always contrived to sell out of the funds when they were very low, and to buy in when they were very high. "By heaven," he would say, "I am a perfect kite, all paper; the boys might fly me." Yet poor as he was, he still kept the best society; I have met him at the Duke of York's, &c.

FOX.

Fox (in his earlier days, I mean) Sheridan Fitzpatrick, &c, led such a life! Lord Tankerville assured me that he has played cards with Fitzpatrick at Brook's from 10 o'clock at night till near 6 o'clock the next

afternoon, a waiter sending by to tell them "whose deal it was," they being too sleepy to know.

After losing large sums at hazard, Fox would go home—not to destroy himself, as his friends sometimes feared, but—to sit down quietly and read Greek.

He once won about £8,000; and one of his bond-creditors, who soon heard of his good luck, presented him with a bill for payment. "Impossible, Sir," replied Fox; "I must first discharge my debts of honor." The bond-creditor remonstrated. "Well, Sir, give me your bond," it was delivered to Fox, who tore it in pieces and threw them into the fire. "Now, Sir," said Fox, "my debt to you is a debt of honor," and immediately paid him.

I saw Lunardi make the first ascent in a balloon which had been witnessed in England. It was from the Artillery ground. Fox was there with his brother, General F. The crowd was immense. Fox, happening to put his hand down to his watch, found another hand upon it which he immediately seized. "My friend," said he to the owner of the strange hand, "you have chosen an occupation which will be your ruin at last." "Oh, Mr. Fox," was the reply, "forgive me, and let me go! I have been driven to this course by necessity alone; my wife and children are starving at home." Fox, always tender-hearted, slipped a guinea into the hand, and then released it. On the conclusion of the show, Fox was proceeding to look what o'clock it was. "Good God," cried he, "my watch is gone!" "Yes," answered General F., "I saw your friend take it." "Saw him take it? and you made no attempt to stop him?" "Really, you and he appeared on such good terms with each other, that I did not choose to interfere."

DALEY.

He permitted—nay, wished—his daughters to go to evening parties; but insisted that one of them should always remain at home, to give him assistance, if needed, by rubbing him, &c., in case of an attack of the rheumatic pains to which he was subject. "This," he said, "taught them natural affection."

VERNON.

Vernon was the person who invented the story about the lady being pulverized in India by a coup de soleil. When he was dining there with a Hindoo, one of his host's wives was suddenly reduced to ashes; upon which the Hindoo rang the bell, and said to the attendant who answered it, "Bring fresh glasses, and sweep up your mistress."

Another of his stories was this: He happened to be shooting hyenas near Carthage, when he stumbled and fell down an abyss of many fathoms' depth. He was surprised, however, to find himself unhurt; for he lighted as if on a feather-bed. Presently he perceived that he was gently moving upward; and, having by degrees reached the mouth of the abyss, he again stood safe on terra firma. He had fallen upon an immense mass of bats, which, disturbed from their slumbers, had risen out of the abyss and brought him up with them.

JANE, DUCHESS OF GORDON.

I knew Jane, Duchess of Gordon, intimately, and many pleasant hours have I passed in her society. She used to say: "I have been acquainted with David Hume and William Pitt, and therefore I am not afraid to converse with anybody."

The Duchess told the following anecdote to Lord Stowell, who told it to Lord Dunmore, who told it to me. "The son of Cornwallis (Lord Brome) fell in love with my daughter Louisa, and she liked him much. They were to be married; but the intended match was broken off by Lord C., whose only objection to it sprung from his belief that there was madness in my husband's family. Upon this I contrived to have a tete-a-tete with Lord C., and said to him, 'I know your reason for disapproving your son's marriage with my daughter; now, I will tell you one thing plainly—there is not a drop of the Gordon blood in Louisa's body.' With this statement Lord C. was quite satisfied, and the marriage took place. The duchess prided herself greatly on the success of this maneuver, though it had forced her to slander her own character so cruelly and so unjustly. In fact, maneuvering was her delight."

POISSON.

Porson would sit up drinking all night without seeming to feel any bad effect from it. Horne Tooke told me that he once asked Porson to dine with him in the Richmond Buildings; and, as he knew Porson had not been in bed for the three preceding nights, he expected to get rid of him at a tolerably early hour. Porson, however, kept Tooke up the whole night; and in the morning the latter, in perfect despair, said, "Mr. Porson, I am engaged to meet a friend at breakfast at a coffee-house in Leicester square." "Oh!" replied Porson, "I will go with you;" and he accordingly did so. Soon after they had reached the coffee-house, Tooke contrived to slip out, and, running home, ordered his servant not to let Mr. Porson in, even if he should attempt to batter down the door. "A man," observed Tooke, "who

could sit up four nights successively, might have sat up forty."

Tooke used to say that "Porson would drink ink rather than not drink at all."—Indeed, he would drink anything. He was sitting with a gentleman after dinner in the chambers of a mutual friend, a Templar, who was then ill and confined to bed! A servant came into the room, sent thither by his master for a bottle of embrocation which was on the chimney-piece. "I drank it an hour ago," said Porson.

When Hoppner the painter was residing in a cottage a few miles from London, Porson one afternoon unexpectedly arrived there. Hoppner said he could not offer him dinner. Mrs. H. had gone to town and had carried with her the keys of the closet which contained the wine. Porson, however, declared that he would be content with a nut and a chop and some beer from the next ale house; and accordingly staid to dine. During the evening Porson said, "I am quite certain that Mrs. Hoppner keeps some nice bottles for her private drinking in her own bed-room; so pray, try if you can lay your hands on it." His host assured him that Mrs. H. had no such secret stores; but Porson insisting that a search should be made, a bottle was at last discovered in the lady's apartment, to the surprise of Hoppner and the joy of Porson, who soon finished its contents, pronouncing it to be the best gin he had tasted for a long time. Next day, Hoppner, somewhat out of temper, informed his wife that Porson had drunk every drop of her concealed dram. "Drunk every drop of it!" cried she, "my God! it was spirits of wine for the lamp!"

## Who Should be Judge?

This is a question much mooted at this time, and well it should be, for the office of judge is a very important one. It is not enough that a man should be an anti-know-nothing and a demagogue; these are good qualities, it is true, but a man may possess them in a super-eminent degree and yet make a sorry judge.

The Mayville Eagle has laid down some qualifications necessary for a good judge, which we submit for the consideration of the judge makers:

What are the qualities, personal and professional, which form the character of a good judge? This is the first question,—one which every man must settle for himself, in advance of any reference to particular individuals. It does not require ability of the highest order to discharge the ordinary duties which devolve upon a Circuit Judge; but to perform them acceptably and unexceptionable, requires a combination of qualifications which are not met with at every turn, even in the walks of the legal profession.

1st. He should have experience as a lawyer. The Constitution of Kentucky secures this qualification, by requiring that the candidate should have been practicing lawyer eight years before his election. He must have the experience and knowledge which is required by the practice in courts. No amount of theoretical knowledge, nor any quantity of philosophic acquirement, nor any number of licenses, will render a man eligible under the Constitution, to the office of Circuit Judge, unless he has been a practicing lawyer for eight years.

2d. He should be a good lawyer—well read in his books—familiar with the elementary principles of his profession, and know how to apply them in the solution and settlement of the questions arising in human transactions.

3d. He should be a man of competent general information outside of his profession, because he ought to know a few things which he cannot find treated in Coke, Blackstone or the newspapers; and not like an eminent English Judge, who in an important insurance case, in which the question was as to amount of damage to be assessed against the company, for injury sustained by a quantity of Russia duck, observed to counsel, that all the questions seemed clear to him except one, upon which he would hear him, and that was how sea water could damage ducks.

4th. He should be a man of good moral character, and good moral habits. This is essential to secure respect to the office.

5th. He should be a man of energy and industry to do the business of his circuit; and do it well.

6th. He should be a man of firmness; not afraid to decide; and of self-reliance sufficient to be fearless of the manner in which his decisions are received by counsel and by parties.

7th. He should be a man of some ambition, that he may feel a proper pride in the discharge of the duties of his position—one who has a career before him, and hope to stimulate him to exertion.

8th. Finally, he should be a man of incorruptible integrity—inaccessible to improper influences, unswayed by fear, and unbiased by favor or affection.

FINED FOR WEARING A SHAWL.—A young man named Kirk Anderson, has been arrested in St. Louis, Mo., for wearing a shawl, on the ground that it was not apparel of his sex. The case came on on Friday, and Anderson was fined \$50. It has created intense excitement among the shawl-wearing gentry of St. Louis.

## The Gray Mare is the Better Horse.

A STORY WITH A MORAL.

"THE GRAY MARE IS THE BETTER HORSE."—We know very well the line is in Prior's Epilogue to Lucius; but the story from which the phrase is derived is something like this. A gentleman, who had seen the world, one day gave his eldest son a span of horses, a chariot, and a basket of eggs. "Do you," said he to the boy, "travel upon the high road until you come to the first house in which there is a married couple. If you find that the husband is the master there, give him one of the horses. If, on the contrary, the wife is the ruler, give her an egg. Return at once when you part with a horse, and there is an egg remaining."

Away went the boy on his mission, and just beyond the borders of his father's estate, let a modest cottage. He alighted from the chafiot and knocked at the door. The good wife opened it for him and curtsied. "Is your husband at home?" "No," but she would call him from the hayfield. In he came, wiping his brows. The young man told him his errand.—"Why," said the wife, bridling and rolling the corner of her apron, "I always do as John wants me to do; he is my master—ain't you, John?" To which John replied "Yes." "Then," said the boy, "I am to give you a horse—which will you take?" "I think," said John, "as how that bay gelding seems to be the one as would suit me best." "If we have a choice, husband," said the wife, "I think the gray mare will suit us best." "No," replied John, "the bay mare for me; he is more square in front, and his legs are better." "Now," said the wife, "I don't think so; the gray mare is the better horse; and I shall never be contented unless I get that one." "Well," said John, "if your mind is set on it, I'll give up; we'll take the gray mare." "Thank you," said the boy, "allow me to give you an egg from the basket; it is a nice fresh one, and you can boil it hard or soft, as your wife will allow." The rest of the story you may imagine; the young man came home with both horses, but not an egg remained in his basket.

Gov. MERRIWETHER ROBBED OF \$500.—Gov. Merriwether, while passing through this city yesterday, on his way to the Territory of New Mexico, was robbed of about \$500 in the following manner: He had taken passage in the steamer F. X. Aubry for the Missouri river, and while at dinner his state-room was entered by the outside door, his trunk broken open, and one shot bag full of ten cent pieces, and another bag of gold dollar pieces, two hundred and fifty dollars in each, taken out and carried away. The robbery took place about one o'clock, but strange to say, the police were not advised of the circumstance until about 5 o'clock. A thorough search was made for the person whom it was conjectured by Capt. Gulon had committed the robbery, but without success. The rascal has doubtless cleared the city, and made good his escape. How he came to learn that there was so much money in the trunk is somewhat mysterious. The Governor states that in the morning he was approached by a stranger, who accosted him in a very familiar manner, and desired to know if he was going up the river. "Yes," said his Excellency. "Well, I am going up too," said the clever man, "and must look out for a good state-room—where is your Governor?"

The Governor told him the number of his room at once, suspecting no rascality, and the fellow started off as if to secure his passage at the clerk's office. No more was seen of him. No doubt he and the Governor's gold and silver coin disappeared from the boat at the same time. The rascal had approached the state-room from behind, broken a pane of the door glass, reached in his hand and turned the key, and then rifled the trunk of its contents. Some one on the wharf saw the fellow going up the levee with the bags, but had no suspicion at the time. A minute description of the stranger that spoke to him has been given by the Governor, and the police are quite sure they know who the rascal is. It is to be hoped he may yet be apprehended.

Governor Merriwether proceeds on his way this morning by the Pacific railroad.—St. Louis Democrat.

THE NASHVILLE RAILROAD is going ahead and day by day demonstrates the inestimable value it will be to our business when it has been completed. At present, trains are running out twenty-four miles and now that we are favored with pleasant weather, the work will be promptly and energetically pushed forward. Our friend "Jack Wilson," formerly on the Frankfort road, is conductor of the train towards Nashville, and is doing a fine business in receiving cash for passengers and freights. We notice every day a large omnibus loaded with passengers for the road, and learn that its receipts are regularly increasing. During this summer Lebanon will be reached, and then we shall begin to reap the greatest advantage from a direct and speedy means of communication with the very heart of Kentucky. Louisville Courier.

## Terms of Advertising.

For 12 lines or less, 1st insertion, - - \$60 75  
For each subsequent insertion, - - - 00 25  
For half column 6 months, - - - 14 00  
" " 12 months, - - - 18 00  
For whole column 6 months, - - - 18 00  
" " 12 months, - - - 25 00  
A liberal deduction made for yearly advertisements. When the number of times for continuing an advertisement is not specified, it will be continued until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

## The Iron Steam Horse.

This horse, when a colt, by cutting some "turf" in a tea pot and kicking the lid off, arrested the attention of some scientific gentleman, who noticed his parts, and believed, by proper training, he could be made a very useful animal. The greatest difficulty was to prepare for him a set of harness in which he might test his strength. At length mechanism solved the problem, and invented an engine, in which he could have a chance. No sooner than he was properly in gear, he moved the mill wheel. At this performance it was believed he might do more, had he a master who could curb his impetuosity. Fulton took his rein—he bid him move, and lo! a steamboat followed his snorting voice. This was a wonder; age, it was considered the ne plus ultra of the age. His performances, although before the eye, could scarcely be believed. Any further improvement was impossible. He was regarded for years, as only an animal of water. But all the rivers, lakes, and oceans, soon became too small for his mighty power. Such stables could no longer restrain his mighty turbulence; he leaps to the land, full harnessed and caparisoned—he stands and looks, his eyes blazing with pure Prometheus fire, and steam curling from his distended nostrils, he measures at one glance the hitherto long distance between commercial marts. He smiles to see the sluggish laden wagon and other slow vehicles of transportation—he rears, he kicks—he makes one mighty effort—he bids the track be cleared, and off he prances, disdaining the very earth on which he moves. He makes distant towns and cities willing neighbors; he introduces States to States; he carries the produce of different continents, and brings into one common brotherhood, the people of all nations. He traverses over every plain, and makes his way through the sullen mountain; he tramps upon every soil; he gallops over every State, and makes himself the familiar and favorite animal of every continent.—Glasgow Journal.

## TAKEN IN AND DONE FOR.

It will be seen by the following confab, which occurred a few days since at Galesburg, between the two Kansas abolitionists that visited our city a few days ago, that the abolitionists herabouts who contributed the "needful" have been sold out done for. These strolling beggars, from this city to Galesburg, addressed an abolition meeting at that place, got a hundred dollars subscribed, went back to their hotel, and were found in cover a few days between them from, as follows.

Emery—Judge, what in the name of reason you didn't tell that murder story, to-night?

Smith—Why, Emery, d— the thing, I forgot it! Never mind, I'll tell it at Burlington.

Emery—Aye, but if you had told it to-night we'd make a bigger raise. The fact is, we must make the people wherever we go think there's murder and war and bloodshed, and h— to pay generally over in Kansas, or we won't make the trip pay expenses.

Smith—That's so. Well, I'll tell it at Burlington, to-morrow night. I guess we'll be able to raise a couple o' thousand out of 'the friends' up there.

E.—They'll fork over, I think, if that d—d Herald don't get there ahead of us. We'd raised three thousand at Quincy if it hadn't been for that infernal paper—don't you believe it, Judge?

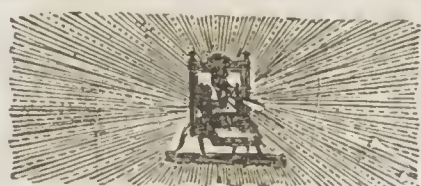
S.—Not a doubt of it! But them fellows down there did it up about right, anyhow. They'll raise the "anty" by the time we get back there. And then if Pierce should take it into his head to step in and stop the fussing in Kansas; we'll try not to lose anything by the operation. We can appropriate all we get to a better purpose than our friends would, and it'll be all the same to them in a hundred years!

Here the conversation was interrupted and broken off, by the entrance of a committee of abolition gentlemen detailed by the meeting to inform them that the hundred dollars subscribed that evening was in their service. This confab is not manufactured, nor imaginary, but actual and real, and absolutely took place nearly verbatim as above given and in the hearing of several gentlemen who were occupying an adjoining room. All of which only goes to prove that when the abolitionists become tired of filching from other people, they go to work and filch money from the pockets of each other. "Much" guns will the money of the abolitionists of Quincy be the means of buying for the Kansas war—over the extreme left.

There was a deacon in a town in New Hampshire by the name of Day—by trade a cooper. One Sunday he heard a number of boys playing in front of his house, and went out to stop their Sabbath breaking. Assuming a grave countenance, he said to them, "Boys, do you know what day this is?" "Yes, sir," immediately replied one of the boys, "Deacon Day, the cooper!"

A young lady being told that her lover was suddenly killed, exclaimed, "Oh! that splendid gold watch of his!—give me that!—give me something to remember by!"





LEBANON, KY.,

Wednesday Morning, April 9, 1856

## Our Ticket,

Subject to a National Convention.

FOR PRESIDENT:

**HENRY A. WISE,**

Of Virginia.

FOR VICE PRESIDENT:

**Stephen A. Douglas,**

Of Illinois.

We are authorized to announce G. W. GOODRUM as a candidate for Sheriff in the county of Marion at the ensuing August election; and if elected, JAMES GARTIN is to be his Deputy.

We are authorized to announce JAMES D. HARDIN, of Hardinsburg, as a candidate for Circuit Judge in the new Fifth Judicial District, composed of the counties of Green, Taylor, Marion, Washington, Nelson, Anderson, and Mercer.

We are authorized to announce FELIX JARBOE as a candidate for Sheriff of Marion county, at the next August election.

We are authorized to announce N. T. BERRY as a candidate for Circuit Clerk at the ensuing August election.

We are authorized to announce JNO. C. WICKLIFFE, of Nelson county, as a candidate for the office of Commonwealth's Attorney in this the 5th Judicial District, subject to the Democratic Convention to be held in said District.

We are authorized to announce THO. MAS C. WOODS, of Marion county, as a candidate for the Office of Commonwealth's Attorney in this District, composed of the counties of Marion, Washington, Green, Nelson, Taylor, Anderson and Mercer,—subject to the Democratic Convention, to be held in said District.

ANDY BARNETT, of Green county, is a Democratic candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in this (fifth) Judicial District—subject to the decision of a convention.

Mr. Jarboe, the regular nominee of the Democratic County Convention, for the office of Sheriff, has proved himself to be one of the best officers the county ever possessed, during the term which he is now serving. We feel convinced that the people of Marion will show their appreciation of his integrity and actions as an officer, by reinstating him in August next. They cannot do better, we feel assured. All democrats who feel any interest in the success of the party will support him. Much has been said about the gentleman's former proclivities, as a whig; but this amounts to no objection whatever. Mr. J. has come into the fold of democracy, and we would willingly pledge ourselves for his sincerity. He came to us early in the action, and fought with us in the last contest manfully, together with many others; who, perchance, done more efficient service than some who prate so much about their intense democracy.

It will be perceived from our list of announcements, that Messrs. GOODRUM and GARTIN have formally announced themselves as candidates. At the time of the County Democratic Convention, and subsequently, much talking was done about the unfairness of the whole proceeding, "cliques," &c. Now, we would ask, by what cleave were these gentlemen nominated, and was everything done fairly? You that talk about cleaves so much certainly know something about it, can't you inform us? Wonder if the gentlemen named above are independent candidates, or are they running on a political ticket? and if they are elected, would it be a Democratic, Whig, or know nothing victory?

ARAIL FOOL.—A very clever practical joke was played off by a lady of this place upon a gentleman on "all fools' day." She baked a handsome pie and sent it as a present nicely carved. The gentleman returning home late in the evening, and being remarkably fond of pastry, took a piece of it in his hand and set his grinders into it, and—Oh, horror! tore away a huge mouthful of exactly sweetened and baked cotton. It isn't exactly safe to mention cotton to him yet.

Messrs. D. & D. W. PHILLIPS, are in receipt of a splendid stock of goods, among which are some of the finest and most beautiful cassimeres ever offered for sale in this market. They also have a very large stock of wall paper of different styles and qualities.

Our merchants are receiving their new goods; now look out for their advertisements in the Post.

Two great events have transpired in Europe since our last, at least the intelligence reached here since—the great and long-looked-for advent of an heir to the Imperial throne of France, amid immense pomp and circumstance. The Pope and the Queen of Sweden stood sponsors at the christening of the young King of Algier, as he is called. The other event, and one of equal magnitude and importance, is the conclusion of peace between Russia and the Western Powers.

"ANOTHER RICHMOND IN THE FIELD."—Our friend L. H. Noble, of this place, has commenced the manufacture of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla. We are using it ourselves and although not having sufficient opportunity of testing it thoroughly, yet we will venture the opinion that it is as good as any, and better than many of the Sarsaparillas in the market.

What has become of our Common school? Can any one inform us? The time has arrived for the commencement of the term in this place, and yet we neither hear nor see anything of it. Wont somebody dig it up?

Spring, beautiful, lovely Spring has at last thrown off the fetters which old winter would have fettered it, and came forth in all its loveliness. The air is balmy and the forests, hills and dales are musical with the merry notes of the feathered songsters. Gardening has commenced and soon the either will be laden with the perfumed breath of flowers. This is certainly a delightful transition from the excessively cold winter which we have just passed.

If Mac of the Gazette, don't let our big stick alone it will get him down.

GRAHAM'S MAGAZINE, for April, has been received. It is, as is usually the case, very interesting; and we would recommend it as a useful parlor companion to our readers.

We are rejoiced at being able to state that Dr. PALMER is improving so rapidly that it is thought that he will be sufficiently recovered from his injuries in a few days, to be removed home.

COLD WEATHER.—Of the many and almost incredible stories of the severity of the weather this winter, a man who lives near Cleveland, Ohio, tells the best. He says it was so cold one morning that he had to drive his cow into the kitchen and thaw out her bag before he could milk her.

## Election of County Judge of Franklin—Defeat of Know-Nothingism.

We find in the Frankfort Commonwealth of yesterday, the following vote of Franklin county for County Judge, on Monday last:

Brown, anti k. k.	For, k. n.
Frankfort, 218	309
Forks, 66	72
Peak's Mill, 63	53
Bridgeport, 158	73
Bald Knob, 136	43
641	555

Brown's majority, 86.

In August last the k. n. majority in Franklin county was 192; but even there—the home of the know-nothing clique—know-nothingism is no longer able to sustain itself. Our Democratic friends in other States, may rely upon Kentucky voting for the nominee of the Cincinnati convention by a majority of from ten to twenty thousand.—*Lou. Times*

SUNDAY EVENING EXERCISES IN A BLACK REPUBLICAN CHURCH.—The New York Journal of Commerce says:

"On Sunday evening last Rev. Henry Ward Beecher entertained his congregation with a spicy account of his recent military campaign at New Haven. He closed by appealing to his people to contribute the twenty-five rifles which he had taken the liberty of pledging from Plymouth church, to aid in arming the Kansas emigrants from Connecticut. He remarked that he would not take up the contribution that evening, as some religious journals might die of grief upon learning that such an act had been committed on the Sabbath, but he would request all persons who desired to contribute one rifle or more (price \$25 each,) to confer with him after the service. The reverend gentleman proclaimed himself good for one rifle, at least, and twofold necessary."

Stock.—The Maysville Express of the 2d inst., says:

Messrs. Smoot and Marshall, the agents of the Union Agricultural Importing Association, have written from Yorkshire, England, to their friends here, that they have already purchased ten heifers, one cow, and three bulls, all of which are of the finest stock in England. They were also about closing a contract for a fine Cleveland bay horse, which they had ordered to procure if possible. The sum of fourteen thousand dollars has been profitably invested, and if no accident happens on the way home, they will improve the stock of Mason and Bracken counties to forty times that value. Eighteen hundred dollars were raised for the special purpose of buying the horse.

The Shelby News says that Mr. Andrew Monroe is about to start a new Know-Nothing paper in this city.—*Lou. Cou.*

## Louisville and Nashville Railroad.

This great work has been many years on hand, and, it must be confessed, has made slow progress. Still, we have something to show—the cars are running on this end of the road, and in a few days the track for twenty-six or twenty-seven miles will be completed. A considerable amount of work has been done at different points on the road; so that the progress of the work is much better than it shows without examination.

We are gratified at the prospect that is now presented. The Board can now make the following exhibit of means for the accomplishment of the work:

City subscription,	\$1,000,000
County subscriptions unexpected,	1,255,000
Interest due from counties,	99,600
Bills receivable,	29,399
Individual subscriptions,	144,116
Lebanon branch,	20,977
Sundries,	15,200
Total available means,	2,564,502
Expended on the road,	1,212,137
Total,	3,776,639
Bills payable,	66,500
Leaving,	3,710,139

We doubt if any enterprise of the sort can make a better exhibit. The city and county bonds are all good, and capitalists need only to understand the real condition of the work to induce them to invest.

There are no incumbrances on the road, and the debt of \$66,500 is insignificant, compared with its means.

It can be seen by an inspection of the route and the connections which it makes with important commercial points, that the road must be one of the best paying enterprises of the sort now on hand anywhere in the country. We cannot therefore see why this road should not be promptly completed. The public have a right to expect of a Board with such means something more than promises. It cannot be said that times are hard—that the money market is unfavorable. There never was a more prosperous season. If these city and county bonds cannot be sold at fair prices, it must be because poor financiers have them in hand. If their value is not appreciated, it must be for lack of skill in explaining their merits. A road with over a million expended, and partly in operation, and two and a half millions of good securities, with no debt or incumbrances, ought to go ahead with rapidity.

It is said the road can be straightened some ten or twelve miles to advantage. If so, it ought to be done forthwith; if not, the fact that it cannot should be ascertained, so as to satisfy the public, as well as the Board. There is nothing like public confidence that all is right in works of this sort.

We are gratified to learn that the Lebanon branch of this road is in progress; thanks to the energy and industry of Mr. B. Spalding, of Marion county. This will be a help to the main branch, without any burthen upon its means.—*Lou. Dem.*

From the Richmond Enquirer.

## A Good Suggestion.

Messrs. Editors: Since you have predicted the possible and probable decline of Fillmore, and that too, upon seemingly strong grounds, I beg that you will insert the following suggestion for the benefit of the know-nothings, in the event of that deplorable contingency, namely: George Washington Parke Custis shall be substituted in his stead, so that the ticket shall then read:

For President,  
GEORGE WASHINGTON PARKE CUSTIS;  
For Vice-President,  
ANDREW JACKSON DONELSON.

ANDREW JACKSON DONELSON passed through our town last week in the stage, but he created no sensation. We are used to the sight of great men about here.

Bardstown Gazette.

The American triumph on Saturday will be the first gun of the campaign. Its booming will be heard throughout Kentucky and the South, and will be hailed as the harbinger of a glorious victory in November.—*Journal.*

Thus speaks the Journal relative to the petty election of the City Councilmen on next Saturday. However loud may be the "booming" of this tremendous victory which is to be, we imagine it will not be able to drown the thunder tones of that victory which the Democracy of Franklin county gained over know-nothingism on Monday last. That victory, showing a change of about 300 votes in favor of Democracy, is indeed "a harbinger of a still more glorious victory in November."—*Lou. Times.*

Some know-nothing papers in the South are striving to create the impression that the twelfth section of the old platform was not discarded by a direct vote on the question. But this is not true. Here are the facts:

In the national council, Mr. Brewster, of Massachusetts, offered the following:

Whereas, The twelfth section of the national platform adopted in June last, was neither proposed by the south, nor sanctioned by the north; therefore be it

Resolved, That the said section be stricken from the platform.

On a call of the yeas and nays, on this preamble and resolution rescinding the twelfth section, the vote stood, yeas 109, nays 57.

HON. DAVY CROCKETT'S WIDOW.—The late Legislature of the State of Texas has passed a law, giving to Mrs. Elizabeth Crockett a league of land. She is the widow of the respected and lamented David Crockett, who, after serving his country honestly and faithfully in Congress, and other places of trust, was butchered at the Alamo, nobly fighting for the freedom of Texas.

PHOTOGRAPH OF NIGGER-WORSHIPING KNOW-NOTHING.—A Worcester (Mass.) correspondent of the Irish American gives an account of a meeting in that city to annihilate the Pope at Rome, and the State of Missouri, and says:

Mr. Flagg then informed the audience he had the pleasure of introducing a champion of Americanism, Mr. Perry. Whereupon this gentleman who had been seated on the platform, enveloped in a cloak, advanced in front, threw off the cloak with a semi-tragic air, and appeared in a military frock with shining buttons, then unrolled a neat American flag which the audience were informed was presented the speaker by Sam's daughters; next produced a handsome gilt pocket Bille, which the audience were told had been presented by Sam's daughters to the speaker; this was laid upon the desk; then came the climax, "and this," said Mr. Perry, in a voice meant to speak in thunder tones, putting his hand on his sword hilt, and unsheathing that dangerous weapon, "this will defend the two former from priestcraft and slavery." Then making a furious thrust in the air, meant for the Pope, which, if that much dreaded gentleman had been present, would have subjected him to a ventilating process, he paused. Mr. Perry then laid the sword across the Bible and flag, fixed his belt, and spoke of Americanism and Kansas.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—On Sunday morning last, between the hours of 2 and 3, a fire was discovered issuing from the buildings on the corner of Union and College streets, occupied by R. S. Hollins & Co., wholesale and retail dealers in Boots and Shoes, and John D. James & Co., as the "Bank of Commerce." The firemen were on hand with their usual promptness, but owing to the scarcity of water, as we are informed, were prevented from doing as much execution as usual. The entire buildings were consumed, extending about 110 feet on Union street, and 100 feet on College.—The entire stock of Hollins & Co., except the retail stock on the first floor, was consumed. The books, papers, &c., were all saved. The stock was insured for \$5,000 in the Fireman's office, which will fall short about \$2,500 covering the loss.—The building, which was owned by Dr. A. L. P. Green, was insured for \$1,500, in the same office, which will cover all loss, as we understand it was the intention of the proprietor to tear it down this summer.

The owners of the "Bank of Commerce" lost nothing. All their valuables and furniture were removed.

Several firemen were injured by the falling of a part of the wall, but not seriously. The inside wall fell during the day on Sunday, when several persons were slightly injured.—*Nashville Banner, 1st.*

## Mass Meeting.

A mass meeting of the American party, of the 10th Congressional district of this State, is to be held at Crittenden, Grant county, on the 15th inst. The ball is to be open on the evening of the 14th, at which time, Maj. Bartlett, Col. Fennell, and A. D. Madeira are to lead off in the dance.—Tune,—"Americans shall rule America."

On the next day, Hon. Garrett Davis, Hon. Jas. Harlan and Maj. W. B. Mason, of Garrard, are to follow suit. At night the "indomitable" Roger Hanson will appear on the floor. So says the programme prepared for the occasion. Everybody is invited to be present at the Hindoo exhibition. The Scott K. N. ratification party should certainly attend. An opportunity will be given, (perhaps for the last time) to witness the performances of the "happy family."

The Fayette Tiger will be there, The Grant County monkey and the Bourbon Bear.

Gorgetown Gazette.

Col. Albert Pike has written a communication, in which he eschews the late doings at Philadelphia—platform, nominations, and all. He was one of the chiefs of the self-styled American party in Arkansas, and the brethren will not relish his defection. His rebellion shows that human nature can't stand everything; although we don't see why he, having suffered so far, should bolt now. We think Pike ought to hang on to the last plank, and go down with the wreck. It is not generous to leave the brethren in the last stage of distress and perplexity. To desert his party in its hour of need ill becomes the chivalrous character of Pike. He found himself in bad company, to be sure, but he ought to have known that before. Having been Sam's first nursing father in Arkansas he ought to see him through.

Louisville Democrat.

We learn from a telegraphic dispatch to Mr. Lee White, that the issue of the Agricultural Bank of Tennessee was thrown out by all the Banks at Nashville on Thursday last. Notes of the Shelbyville Bank were refused at the counter of the State Bank on the same day.

On the 20th ult., as we learn from the Toronto Globe, two men, a woman and her child, started from the village of Matilda to cross the St. Lawrence river in an open boat. When some distance from shore, the boat was upset. The woman clung to the boat and held her child in her mouth till she was picked up, about two miles from the place of the accident. One of the men was drowned, and the other swam ashore. That woman deserves a medal.

SALT LAKE.—The correspondent of a Pacific journal says that doctors are of no account among the Morians, Brigham Young having instituted a medical system of his own, of which olive oil and the herbs of the field form the whole materia medica. Thousands of miracles are said to be wrought through their efficacy.

## A Glorious Chance for the K. N.'s to Make Money.

We have repeatedly expressed the opinion that Mr. Fillmore had no possible chance to be elected President of the United States, and that every vote cast for him was equivalent to casting a vote for the Black Republican candidate. In proof of our sincerity we propose the following bets, which we are authorized to make by a wealthy farmer of Jefferson county:

One hundred dollars that Mr. Fillmore was never in an American (K. N.) council.

One hundred dollars that Mr. Fillmore never will be in a K. N. council between now and the first Monday in November.

Two hundred dollars that Mr. Fillmore will not accept the nomination of the Philadelphia Convention.

Five hundred dollars that if Mr. Fillmore does accept the nomination he will not be elected. The bets are to be taken together.

To prevent too great an anxiety among sporting K. N.'s we announce that ten gentlemen can be accommodated with the bets.—*Lou. Times*

GETTING ON.—Morals are improving considerably in California. There are not near so many murders there now as there used to be; but the editors have a cold-blooded, matter of fact sort of way, of keeping count, that we cannot somehow get used to it. This is the fashion:

From the San Francisco Herald.

Calendar for Jan. 1856.—Recapitulation.

Jan. 1855.	Jan. 1855.	Jan. 1854.
Total killed, 18	35	23.
Gain for 1856, as compared with 1855, 19	do 1856,	do 1854, 7

Whatever may be thought of the mathematics, however, it is gratifying to see 19 gain for '56, as compared with '55—and 7 for '56, as compared with '54. They are getting on there nicely. Sixteen murders a month is not much!—*Lou. Dem.*

MANUMISSION OF SLAVES.—Seventeen slaves were manumitted yesterday in this city. They were from Logan and Simpson counties, in Kentucky, and most of them were freed by James and Gracy McElvane.—*Cin. Gazette.*

The last invention is a plan for cooking without fire, described in the Scientific American. The invention is a combination of the cooking dishes, placed one above another, the bottom of one vessel fitting on the top part of the dish below. In the lower dish of all a small quantity of quick lime is placed; and then, by means of a tube, cold water is introduced upon the lime. Chemical action generates intense heat, whereby the articles on the dishes are quickly cooked, ready for the table.

Mr. Charles Heyback, who keeps a coffee house at the upper end of Jefferson street, received a note a few days ago, returning to him his pocket book, with one \$20 gold piece and some valuable papers, which were stolen on the 6th of August last.

The writer says that he feels constrained to make this return. The pocket book and accompanying papers, together with a badly written note, were all sent through the post office. It seems that the fellow has a small speck of conscience left.

Lou. Democrat.

Joseph Brady, the Abolition schoolmaster who was recently mobbed in Lexington, has written a letter to the Indianapolis Journal, declaring that he has always voted the Democratic ticket—that he voted for Polk in '44, for Cass in '48, and for Pierce in '52.—*Journal.*

And so did Col. Whitely, one of the editors of the Journal, and Gen. Piche, and Major Andrew Jackson Donelson, "voted for Polk in '44, for Cass in '48, and for Pierce in '52"—but we do not think the Democratic party has been seriously weakened or damaged by their defection. At any rate it now bids fair to survive the loss.

Louisville Courier.

## A Medicine Deserving the Confidence of All, and should be used by all.

There can be no doubt in the world, but that the compound known as Hurley's Sarsaparilla is the most valuable discovery that has yet appeared in the list of medicines.

Sarsaparilla has long been famous as a spring remedy to purify the blood, and invigorate the system, but Dr. Hurley offers it to the world in form that defies competition not only for its purity and superior quality, but from the fact that many eminent Physicians having used it in their practice, esteem it the best tonic of the age. Try it, and be assured you will find the money well spent.—*Lou. Times.*

This great Spring medicine can be had at Noble & Co.

Why is the devil riding on a mouse, like one and the same thing?

Because it is synonymous—sin-on-a-mouse.

The foregoing outrage was committed by the editor of the Columbus Citizen. We are happy to add that the authorities are on his track.—*Age.*

THE FRANKFORT CLIQUE DEFEATED.—At the election for County Judge, in Franklin, which came off last Monday, Judge Hord, a member of the Frankfort Clique, a member of the "American Executive Committee," and the nominee of the secret order for County Judge, was signally defeated by Mr. Reuben Brown, old-line Whig, who received the combined support of the Democrats and anti-know-nothing Whigs of the county. This is the first gun of the campaign, and is a certain indication of the position the State will take in the approaching elections.

## New Advertisements.

## NEW DRUG &amp; FANCY STORE.

WM. SANSBURY,

(SUCCESSOR TO SANSBURY &amp; BOWMAN,)

Main Street, Lebanon, Ky.,

RESPECTFULLY invites the attention of all interested in the following list of fresh Medicines and New Fancy Goods:

## MEDICINE.

Sulph. Quinine, Irons of every preparation, "Marphine, "Pockit Instruments, Murate, "Cupping "Brands, Opates of all kind, "Medicinal Brandy and Mercurials "Wines.

Also, Patent Medicines of every Manufacture.

## FANCY GOODS.

Toilet Stands, Shaving Soap, "Combs, "Brushes, "Brushes, "Teeth, "Soaps, "Clothes, "Powder, Perfumery of all kinds, Also, Paints, Oils, Window Glass, Varnish, &c. by the quantity, April 2-ly

THE BEST QUALITY OF GUITAR AND Violin Strings can be had at April 2 SANSBURY'S Drug Store.

PORT MONAIES OF THE BEST QUALITY can be had at April 2 SANSBURY'S Drug Store.

HURLEY AND GUYSTON'S SARSAPARILLA in store and for sale by April 2 W. SANSBURY.

BEST JAMES RIVER AND COMMON TOBACCO can be had of April 2 W. SANSBURY.

THE BEST OF STAR AND SEARIN Candles are sold by the box at April 2 SANSBURY'S Drug Store.

SCOTCH ALE AND LONDON BROWN Stout, in store and for sale by April 2 W. SANSBURY.

BEST HAVANA AND COMMON CIGARS can be had at April 2 SANSBURY'S Drug Store.

ANDERSON'S QUICK YEAST—For sale by W. SANSBURY.

## Dissolution of Copartnership.

THE Firm of SANSBURY & BOWMAN is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books are in the hands of Wm. Sansbury, who is authorized to settle them. Mar. 18, '55 SANSBURY & BOWMAN.

The business will be continued at the old stand by WM. SANSBURY, where he keeps constantly on hand all articles in the Drug line.

## Notice.

To the Citizens of Marion, Washington, and Nelson Counties:

AT A MEETING of the Commissioners appointed by an act Chartering the Deposit Bank of Springfield, held at Springfield 17th March, 1856, it was ordered that the Books of Subscription for Stock in said Bank, located at Springfield, be opened on Thursday the 24th of April, 1856, at H. & A. McElroy's Banking Room in Springfield, and that this notice be published in the Lebanon Post and Bardstown Gazette.

Signed, HUGH McELROY, Ch'n. Jas. R. Hughes, Secretary. March 26, 1856-4t.

## DR. W. H. HOPPER

Respectfully offers his professional services to the citizens of Marion county. OFFICE at Noble's Drug Store. Mar. 17-4t.

## Taken Up,

In Marion County, Ky., as runways, by R. W. Chiseler and B. F. Smith, Nathan Bell is five feet, six or seven inches high, dark complexion, heavy made, right eye from a blow, and had on blue cloth pants, striped, mixed janne coat, and a mixed gray cassimere overcoat.—He says that he belongs to the Widow Mary Threshley, of Fayette county, Ky.

Coleman is five feet four or five inches high, dark complexion, well made, pleasant ad well spoken, had on blue or black pants, janne undercoat, and a mixed gray cassimere overcoat.—He says that he belongs to the Widow Mary Threshley, of Fayette county, Ky.

They were together when apprehended, and have been lodged in the Marion county jail. GEORGE MITCHELL, Jailor. March 19, 1856-4t

## NOTICE.

THE undersigned wishes to inform all persons to whom he is indebted that he will do work cheaper than ever for them in order to liquidate his debts. For instance: The usual price for making one coat is \$8; to such as hold accounts against me I will make them for \$7.50, and plain coats at \$7, the regular price being \$7.50. Also where the cash is paid the above reductions will be made. Where work is charged, the usual prices will be exacted. Mar. 12, 1856-3m W. M. WALKER.

## BIG BOSTON.

THIS fine thorough-bred Stallion, bred by the ensuing season, which has been imported and will end the 1st of July, at Noble & Co. Stable, in Bardstown, Ky., at the price of \$10 the season, and \$15 the year, from a distance will be taken good moderate prices. The services of this horse are offered to the public with great confidence, as we do not believe any untried stallion in the State has better prospects as a breeder of Saddle Harness and Turf horses. We shall breed all our own blooded mares to him that are not too nearly related. The value of a horse's colts depends so much upon the number of mares he goes to, that Big Boston will be limited this season to fifty besides our own.

## DESCRIPTION.

Big Boston is a beautiful bay, with a remarkably rich silk-like glossy suit of hair, six years old this spring, sixteen hands high, with large bone, great stamina and muscular power, and that perfect balance and correctness of shape that ensures speed, durability and ease in all his gates. Being of a good disposition, he goes very kindly under the saddle and harness.

## PEDIGREE.

Big Boston was got by the renowned Boston, dam Tranbyana, by imported Tranby; g. dam Lady Tompkins, by American Eclipse; g. g. dam Katy Ann, by Ogle's Oscar; g. g. g. dam, Young Maid of the Oaks, (Medoc's dam) by Imported Expedition; g. g. g. g. Old Maid of the Oaks, by imported Spread Eagle; g. g. g. g. g. Amnett, by imported Shark; g. g. g. g. g. Nelson's Rockingham; g. g. g. g. g. g. True Whig—Baylor's Gallant—



# THE POST.



Wednesday Morning, April 9, 1856.

**Rags! Rags!! Rags!!!**  
Clean Linen and Cotton Rags wanted at this office. The highest price in CASH will be paid for any amount brought.

**Notice.**  
All personal communications to this paper will be hereafter charged as advertisements, and must be paid for, before they can appear. This rule will be adhered to strictly.

—Alfred Wilson, recently from Indiana, mysteriously disappeared from the steamer Cataract in the Missouri river a few days since. Fears are entertained that he has met with foul play.

—The expenses attending the suits in the case of John H. Day and the Great India Rubber Litigation, exceed the sum of \$600,000. The amount claimed under Day's patent is some \$5,000,000.

—The vitrol throwers are still at their work of destruction in New York. Dr. Ludwig, of Wooster street, was returning home with two ladies from a sacred concert at the Assembly Rooms, on Sunday evening, when the cloaks and dresses of the ladies, valued at \$150, were totally destroyed by vitrol. Several other cases have occurred in that city this week.

—John Fitzgerald, the murderer, was executed at Auburn, N. Y., on the 28th ult. He was firm and insolent to the last.

—The Indianapolis Sentinel says that there will be ten or twelve hundred houses erected in that city this season.

—The editor of the Mount Sterling Whig is to be married in a few days. This will be the third case of the kind in Kentucky during the past few weeks.

—A Fillmore paper in Washington says Banks declines being considered a candidate for the Presidency, but hopes are entertained of the Hon. Abby Kelly.

—The ice in the Connecticut river at Hartford, was so firm on last Saturday week, that teams could cross it, as they have been doing for the last three months. Not a very common occurrence on the first day of April.

—John D. Murrell, of Lynchburg, and said to be the richest man in Virginia, being worth \$2,000,000, died at New Orleans a few days since.

—Samuel Henley, a respectable farmer of Rockingham, Va., has abstained from food for fifty-seven days. He is laboring under a mental delusion.

**BULLIT COUNTY.**—At an election in Bullitt county, on Saturday last, for County Judge, the vote stood 482 for Carpenter, K. N., and 323 for Phelps, Anti.

—A French shoemaker in New York came near being killed, on the 26th ult., by the explosion of a spruce beer bottle which was thrown through his window. Another Frenchman was arrested as the perpetrator of the cowardly act.

—In the streets of New Orleans, lately, two gentlemen fired at each other with revolvers, without effect. This interchange of compliments in the streets is exceedingly pleasant to bystanders.

—A destructive fire took place at Napoleon, Arkansas, last week.

—A new kind of sugar has been discovered in Utah Territory. It is made from a white sweet substance found in cotton-wood trees, somewhat resembling honey-dew.

—Mrs. Lucy Stone Blackwell is lecturing at Sandusky, Ohio.

—It is said that the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher has a shooting gallery in Brooklyn, where he practices with Sharp's rifles.

—During January and February over 4,000 emigrants sailed from Liverpool for the United States.

—Thackery is said to have realized \$1,040, over and above expenses, by his five lectures in New Orleans.

—The largest moveable safe in the world has been deposited in the Park Bank N. Y. It weighs over ten tons.

—Henry Ward Beecher is out in an article in the Independent denying that he is a Spiritualist.

—The Board of Trustees of Shelbyville offer a reward of \$300 for the apprehension and conviction of the person or persons concerned in burning a number of tables in that place recently.

**PARIS FASHIONS.—POLYMERIZED DIAMONDS.**—The Paris correspondent of the Philadelphia North American, in his last letter, says:

"For the last few years powder has been much worn, both in the hair and on the skin. We have had, under monarchy and the first empire, white, pink, gold, and silver powder, but it was reserved for the reign of the second empire to introduce powder of diamonds. This extravagant luxury has been actually worn this winter by several of the elegantes of Parisian fashionable life; it gives a beautiful lustre to the complexion, and nothing can be more becoming than the hair lightly powdered with this precious dust. It is calculated that a sufficient quantity for an evening's toilette amounts to many hundred francs. We are told that patches are coming into favor again. The 'patches' on the cheeks of the belle of a century and a half ago were assumed in order to give consolation to a princess suffering from a natural eruption; certainly, the fair complexion of the beautiful Empress cannot serve as an excuse to cover the bad taste of the dames of our day, who are endeavoring to revive this unnatural addition to the toilette."

## Great Fire in Galena.

The telegraph has advised us of the occurrence of a fearful conflagration in Galena, on the morning of the 31st ult. The Galena Advertiser of the 1st inst. has the detailed account of the disaster. We gather that there were thirty-two buildings destroyed, among them St. Michael's Catholic Church, and the Courier printing office, and that the total loss is estimated at \$300,000. We copy the following from the Advertiser:—*Lot. Courier.*

The fire was first discovered in the stable on Commerce street, near Washington, owned by M. O. Walker, of Chicago. In a few minutes it was all in a blaze. The portion of the block in which it was situated, north of the De Soto House, was of the most combustible materials, and in a very short space of time it was in a single sheet of flame, defying all hopes of victory by human effort. All the buildings in that block north of J. A. Packard & Co's store, bounded by Main, Washington, and Commerce streets, like one mighty candle, lit up the whole heavens with a terrific glare. The fire crossed Washington street in a northward direction, and burnt all the buildings south of J. L. Felt's old brick store, now occupied by J. Coatsworth & Son. It crossed Main street westward and burnt all that fine block of heavy stores and offices north of Dr. Welch's new building and south of Bergman & Co's cabinet warerooms, with the exception of the building on the north corner of Main and Washington streets. It then crossed Bench street and burnt the residence of D. A. Barrows, the next dwelling southward, and lastly, in that direction, the Catholic Church, where it was finally subdued.

Such was the fury of the tempest of fire, that large cladders were carried a mile or more from the scene of the immediate conflagration, so as to endanger buildings that distance. We hear of several buildings that caught fire on the hill, but which were extinguished.

**ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL.**—The readers of the Tribune will remember that some time ago a young German girl from Texas, who was stopping at the Prescott House, was, by inquiring her way of a negro woman in the street, led into a fashionable brothel in that neighborhood, where she was repeatedly violated. A few days afterwards she escaped and preferred a complaint before Mr. Senlar, at the Emigrant Rooms in the City Hall; a warrant was issued, and the parties arrested and released the next day as usual. This girl has since then become a mother; her means have been exhausted, and she has been at work at artificial flower making. A few days ago as she was going to the store of her employers, she was seen by a wealthy man from the West, who fell in love with her at first sight, sought an introduction, was as much pleased by the refinement of her manners as by her beauty, and proposed to her. She told him all, and they married on Saturday. —*N. Y. Tribune.*

**SEVEN PERSONS DROWNED.**—The Rock Islander of the 28th learns from a gentleman just from Lyons, Iowa, that on Monday a man with a two-horse wagon, in which, besides himself, there were two women and four children, attempted to cross the river on the ice above Lyons, but the wagon broke through, and all seven persons were drowned.

## Farm for Sale

I wish to sell my farm, lying on the waters of Little Beech Fork, about six miles north of Springfield, Washington county, and containing

285 ACRES.

Said farm is well watered and well timbered, and in high state of cultivation, and with all necessary improvements.

TERMS: One third cash in hand, and the balance in one and two years, with interest from date. I will give possession on the 10th day of March, 1856.

N. B. If the cash is paid for the whole place, I will make a reasonable deduction upon my original price.

M. C. HANLY.

GEO. W. MOORE. J. T. O'BRYAN

# UNION HOUSE,

A. S. HARDY,

HAVING recently purchased the House formerly occupied as a Hotel, and more recently as a Boarding School, solicits a liberal share of public patronage. The stand is situated on Main Street, Lebanon, Ky., and is a retired and pleasant portion of the town. I have re-fitted and re-furnished the entire establishment in a handsome manner, and am now prepared to receive travel or regular boarders by the day, week, month, or year.

My table is always furnished with the very best the market can afford; and I intend that my prices shall in all cases be liberal. Travelers' horses can always be carefully attended to, as I have made all necessary arrangements to that end, and there will shortly be a large, comfortable and handsome new stable erected on the premises.

A. S. HARDY.  
Oct. 17th

## Hurley's Sarsaparilla.

Of all the remedies that have been discovered during the present age for the "thousand ills that flesh is heir to," none equal this Sarsaparilla. Only three years have elapsed since its discovery (who spent a decade of study, experimenting, and perfecting it) first introduced to the public, and is already recognized by the most eminent physicians in all parts of the country to be the most surprising and effective remedy for certain diseases of which they have knowledge.

All other compounds or syrups of the root have hitherto failed to accomplish the same, because of the presence of other ingredients, which neutralize the good effects of the Sarsaparilla, and often times injure the health of the patient. It is not so with Hurley's preparation. This is the pure and genuine extract of the root, and, on trial, be found to effect a certain and perfect cure of the following complaints and diseases:

Affections of the Bones, Habitual Constipation, Debility, Indigestion, Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver complaint, Dyspepsia, Piles, Erysipelas, Pulmonary diseases, Female Irregularities, Scrofula, or Kings Evil, Fistula, Syphilis, and all Skin Diseases.

Besides curing the above it is known to be a great and powerful tonic, purifying the blood, and invigorating the system. In short, it is without exception, in the cases mentioned, and its general effect upon the system the most efficacious, as it is the most desirable remedy of the age. It is already extensively used throughout the country, and is fast obtaining an European reputation. The instances of cures it has effected are daily coming to the proprietor's knowledge, and he has no hesitation in recommending it to one and all who desire to procure relief from suffering. One bottle being tried, its effects will be too apparent to admit of further doubt.

Recollect Hurley's Sarsaparilla is the only genuine article, and is sold in bottles for 50¢.

For sale at the manufacturers, corner Seventh and Green streets, Louisville, Ky. And by L. H. NOBLE, and L. A. SPALDING, Lebanon, Ky.

Oct. 31st.

## CONSUMPTION.

Successfully Treated by Inhalation of Medicated Vapors.

BY Johnson Stewart Rose, M. D., Fellow of the Royal College of Physicians, and for years senior Physician in the London Royal Infirmary, for diseases of the lungs.

In this kind of process, Medical Science has contributed her full share to the general welfare; and that which shines resplendent, the brightest jewel in her diadem, is her last and greatest gift, MEDICATED VAPOR INHALATION in the treatment of CONSUMPTION, BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA, and kindred affections.

All must see the absurdity of treating Consumption through the stomach, by filling it with noxious drugs; the disease is not in the stomach, but in the lungs, and by inhaling medicine in the form of Vapor, I apply the remedy directly to the diseased organ. There is, therefore, no case so hopeless that inhalation will not reach. I earnestly appeal to the common sense of all afflicted with lung diseases, to embrace at once the advantages of inhalation.

I claim for inhalation in the treatment of consumption, &c. a place amongst the priceless gifts that nature has bestowed upon man, and as "four days may be long in the evening," and as the only ark of refuge for the Consumptive! A method not only rational, but simple, safe, and efficacious.

I have pleasure in referring to 103 names, residents of New York and neighborhood, who have been restored to vigorous health. About one-third of the above number, according to the patients' own statements were considered hopeless cases.

The Inhalation method is soothing, safe, and consists in the administration of medicines in such a manner that they are conveyed into the lung, in the form of vapor, and produce their action at the seat of the disease. Its practical success is destined to revolutionize the opinions of the medical world, and establish the entire CURABILITY of Consumption.

Applicants will please state if they have labored from the lungs, if they have lost flesh, have a cough, night sweats, and fever, or what and how much they expectorate, what condition of their stomach and bowels. The Medicines, Ap. aratus, &c. will be forwarded to any part.

## TESTIMONY.

"We, the undersigned, practitioners in medicine, cheerfully recommend Dr. Johnson S. Rose's method of treating diseases of the throat and lungs, as the best and most effective ever introduced to medical practice. Our convictions are based upon having several of our own patients, confirmed consumptives, restored to vigorous health after a few months treatment by Dr. Rose."

In the above named diseases, the application of "Medicated Vapors" inhaled directly into the lungs may be justly considered a great boon to suffering humanity, rendering consumption a perfectly curable disease.

Dr. Rose deserves well of the profession for his strenuous and unwearied exertions in bringing this successful and reliable method of treating consumption to such a degree of perfection.

Signed, WAYNE BREWSTER, M. D. New York. RALPH STOBED, M. D. " JONAS A. MOTT, M. D. " CYRUS KINGSLEY, M. D. " And eleven other eminent practitioners in this and neighboring cities.

TERMS—Five dollars, consultation fee. Balance of fee payable only when patients report themselves convalescent.

N. B. The new postage law requires that all letters be prepaid. My correspondence being extensive, applications to ensure replies must enclose postage.

Dr. Rose's Treatise on Consumption—price one dollar.

JOHNSON STEWART ROSE, Office, 831 Broadway, New York.

\*Money letters must be registered by the Post Master; such letters, only, being at my risk. July 18, 1855.

3,000 POUNDS of clean Linen and Cotton RAGS wanted at the Printing Office, for which the highest price in CASH will be paid. max 50

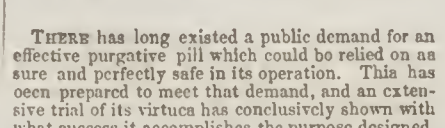
## Special Notices.

When death is at the door, the remedy which would have saved life, if administered in time, comes too late. Do not trifle with disease. Rely upon it, that when the stomach will not digest food: when faintness and lassitude pervade the system—when the sleep is disturbed, the appetite feeble, the mind lethargic, the senses unaturally sensitive, and the head confused—rely upon it, that when these symptoms occur, the powers of vitality are failing, and that, unless the mischief is promptly checked, life will be shortened, as well as rendered miserable. Now we know from a mass of testimony, greater than was ever before accumulated in favor of one remedy, that Hoodland's German Bitters, prepared by Dr. C. M. Jackson, Philadelphia, will immediately abate, and in he end, entirely remove all of these disorders as surely as a mathematical process will solve a problem. Who, then, will endure the agony, and the risk of life, with health and safety within reach? See advertisement.

INVALIDS recovering from the effects of Fever, Billious Diseases, or long continued illness of any kind, will find Carter's Spanish Mixture the only remedy which will revive their drooping constitutions, expel all bad humors from the blood, excite the liver to a prompt and healthy action, and by its tonic properties, restore the patient to life and vigor.

We can only say TRY IT. A single bottle is worth all the so-called Sarsaparillas in existence. It contains no Mercury, Opium, or any other noxious or poison as drug, and can be given to the youngest infant without harm. See the certificates of wonderful cures rendered in the city of Richmond, Va., can testify to its good effects.

See advertisement.



## AYER'S PILLS.

FOR ALL THE PURPOSES OF A FAMILY PHYSIC.

There has long existed a public demand for an efficient purgative pill which could be relied on as a sure and perfectly safe in its operation. This has been prepared to meet that demand, and an extensive trial of its virtues has conclusively shown with what success it accomplishes the purpose designed. It is easy to make a physical pill, but not easy to make the best of all pills—one which should have none of the objections, but all the advantages, of every other. This has been attempted here, and with what success we would respectfully submit to the public decision. It has been unfortunate for the patient hitherto that almost every purgative medicine is acrimonious and irritating to the bowels. This is not. Many of them produce so much griping pain, and even in the system, that the patient is unable to take the good to be derived from them. These pills produce no irritation or pain, unless it arise from a previously existing obstruction or derangement in the bowels. Being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity; but it is better that any medicine should be taken judiciously. Minute directions for their use in the several diseases to which they are applicable are given on the box. Among the complaints which have been speedily cured by them, we may mention Liver Complaint, in its various forms of Jaundice, Indigestion, Languor and Loss of Appetite, Listlessness, Irritability, Bilious Headache, Bilious Fever, Fever and Ague, Pain in the Side and Stomach, &c. These are but the more common sequence of diseased action in the liver. As an aperient, they afford prompt and sure relief in Constipation, Piles, Colic, Dysentery, Humors, Scrofula and Scoury, Colds with soreness of the body, Dropsy, and the impurity of the blood, in short, any and every case where a purgative is required.

They have also produced some singularly successful cures in Rheumatism, Gout, Dropsy, Gravel, Erysipelas, Pimples on the Face, Pains in the Head, Stomach and Side. They should be freely taken in the spring of the year, to purify the blood and prepare the system for the change of seasons. An occasional dose stimulates the stomach and bowels into healthy action, and restores the appetite and vigor. They purify the blood, and, by their stimulant action on the circulatory system, renovate the strength of the body, and restore the wasted or diseased energies of the whole organism. Hence an occasional dose is advantageous, even though no serious derangement exists; but unnecessary dosing should never be carried too far, as every purgative medicine reduces the strength, when taken to excess. The thousand cases in which a physical is required cannot be enumerated here, but they suggest themselves to the reason of every body; and it is confidently believed that this pill will answer a better purpose than any thing which has hitherto been available to mankind. When their virtues are once known, the public will no longer doubt what remedy to employ when in need of a cathartic medicine.

PREPARED BY JAMES C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

Price 25 Cents per Box. Five Boxes for \$1.

## AYER'S CHERRY PECTORAL.

For the rapid cure of COUGHS, COLDS, HOARSENESS, BRONCHITIS, WHOOPING-COUGH, CROUP, ASTHMA, AND CONSUMPTION.

This remedy has won for itself such notoriety from its cures of every variety of pulmonary disease, that it is entirely unnecessary to recount the evidence of its virtues in any community where it has been employed. So wide is the field of its usefulness, and so numerous the cases of its cures, that almost every section of the country abounds in persons publicly known, who have been cured from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs by its use. When once tried its superiority over every other medicine of its kind is too apparent to escape observation, and where its virtues are known, the public no longer hesitate what antidote to employ for the distressing and dangerous affections of the pulmonary organs which are incident to our climate. And not only in formidable attacks upon the lungs, but for the milder varieties of Coughs, Hoarseness, &c., and for CHILDREN it is the pleasantest and safest medicine that can be obtained.

As it has long been in constant use throughout this section, we need not do more than assure the people its quality kept up to the best that it ever has been, and that the genuine article is sold by—

L. H. NOBLE, Lebanon, E. L. Chandler, Campbellsville, J. Stark & Son, Springfield, And sold by all dealers in Medicines every where.

June 13, 31, y

## NOTICE.

**Cabinet Shop.**

THE Business will hereafter be carried on by the undersigned, in all its branches, at the stand formerly occupied by Melroy & Co. Grateful for the patronage heretofore extended to the establishment, I hope to deserve a continuance of the same. R. M. BOWMAN.

Nov. 7th

HURLEY, THOMAS A., Druggist and Apothecary, and Manufacturer of Hurley's Sarsaparilla, North west corner Seventh and Green streets, Louisville, Ky.

## THE UNIVERSITY'S FAMILY REMEDIES.

Issued under the Seal, Sanction & Authority of THE UNIVERSITY OF FREE MEDICINE AND POPULAR KNOWLEDGE,

Chartered by the State of Pennsylvania, April 29th, 1853, with a capital of \$100,000.

Mainly for the purpose of arresting the evils of Spurious and worthless Nostrums; Also to supply the Community with reliable Remedies whenever a Competent Physician cannot or will not be employed. This Institute has purchased from Dr. JOHN ROWAND, his Celebrated

Rowand's Tonic Mixture, Known for upwards of twenty-five years as the only sure and safe cure for Fever and Ague, &c., and his inestimable Remedy for Bowell Complaints;

ROWAND'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF BLACKBERRY ROOT, Which highly approved and popular remedy is, together with

The University's Remedy for Complaints of the LUNGS; The University's Remedy for DYSPEPSIA OR INDIGESTION; The University's Remedy for COSTIVE BOWELLS.

Also, the University's Almanac may be had, at the Branch Dispensary, or Store of L. H. NOBLE & CO. Oct. 17th, 6m

Carter's Spanish Mixture. THE GREAT PURIFIER OF THE BLOOD.

Not a particle of Mercury in it. LET THE AFFLICTED READ AND PONDER!

An infallible remedy for Scrofula, King's Evil, Rheumatism, Obsolete Cutaneous Eruptions, Pimples or Postules on the Face, Blotches, Boils, Ague and Fever, Chronic Sore Throat, Ring Worm or Tetter, Scald Head, Enlargement and Pain of the Bones and Joints, Stubborn Ulcers, Sympathetic Disorders, Lumbago, Spinal Complaints, and all diseases arising from and in various use of Mercury, Impudence in Life, or impurity of the Blood.

THIS great alterative medicine and Purifier of the Blood is now used by thousands of grateful patients from all parts of the United States, who testify daily to the remarkable cures performed by the greatest of all medicines, CARTER'S SPANISH MIXTURE. Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Scrofula, Urticaria, Sore of the Skin, Liver diseases, Fevers, Pleasid Sore, Affections of the Kidneys, diseases of the Throat, Female Complaints, Pains and Aching of the Bones and Joints, are speedily put off flight by using this great and inestimable remedy.

For all diseases of the Blood, nothing has yet been found to compare with it. It cleanses the system of all impurities, acts gently and efficiently on the Liver and Kidneys, strengthens the digestion, gives tone to the stomach, makes the skin clear and healthy, and restores the constitution, ennobled by disease or broken down by the excesses of youth, to its pristine vigor and strength.

For the Ladies, it is incomparably better than all the cosmetics ever used. A few doses of Carter's Spanish Mixture

Will remove all sallowness of complexion, bring the roses mounting to the cheek, give elasticity to the step, and improve general health in a remarkable degree, beyond all the medicines ever heard of.

The large number of certificates which we have received from persons from all parts of the United States, is the best evidence that there is a humbug about it. The press, hotel keepers, magistrates, physicians and public men, well known to the community, all add their testimony to the wonderful effects of this GREAT

OD PURIFIER. Call on the agent and get a Circular and Almanac, and read the wonderful cures this truly greatest fall Medicine has performed. Now genuine unless signed BENNETT & BEERS, Proprietors, No. 3 Pearl Street, Richmond, Va.; to whom all orders for supplies and agencies must be addressed.

And for sale by L. H. NOBLE, Lebanon; JOHN STARK & SON, Springfield; and by dealers in Medicine generally.

Dr. A. J. Vanderslice.

Late Professor of the Ecole Clinique de Medicine et Pharmacie la Paris. (A PRACTITIONER FOR TWENTY-NINE YEARS PAST.)

ANNOUNCES to his friends and the public that he continues to devote his time to the curing of the following diseases, viz: Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Fits, Dropsy, Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Piles, Fistula, Gout, Rheumatism, Scrofula, White Swelling, Nervous Affections, Fever and Ague, Bilious Complaints, &c.

Dr. Vanderslice has met with great success by his peculiar treatment of disease, where other very eminent physicians have failed to produce a cure. To attest his confidence in his own skill and me, he will undertake the cure of all patients without charge, excepting the cost of the medicine, requiring no fee until after the restoration to health.

Diseases of a peculiar character he guarantees to remove, radically, in a few days without offensive or deleterious medicine. He warrants the disease, no matter how severe or long standing the disease, an effectual cure, or he requires no pay. Females suffering with Irregularities, nervousness, debility, &c., can be permanently relieved by Dr. V.

Invalids in any section of the country, by addressing a letter to him, post paid, and enclosing a fee, can have advice and medicines promptly sent them.

Residence on Preston street, between Green and Walnut. Private office on Floyd street, between Market and Jefferson. Office hours from 8 to 12, A. M., and from 2 to 6 P. M.

Individuals can be accommodated with comfortable rooms, and strict attendance by the Dr. Those coming from a distance who are afflicted would do well to place themselves under his control as to what the more certainly secure his success.

April 23, 56.

LEBANON MARBLE WORKS!

H. TOOL & CO. having permanently located in Lebanon, Ky., take pleasure in announcing to the public that they have just imported a large stock of American and Italian Marble, and are now prepared to fill all orders for Tomb Stone, Monuments, Counter Top, &c. Table and Stand Tops, &c., in the very best style of art; at shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. As we employ none but the best workmen, we warrant all our work to give satisfaction. We solicit a continuance of the public patronage heretofore so liberal bestowed on us.

Mar. 1856.

## Wanted to Hire.

THE UNDERSIGNED wishes for this time of the year, a single girl, who can cook, wash, and iron, and who will be paid for such an one, \$12 per year. W. M. JAC.

Sept 12

BURR HARRISON, B.N. 5014, HARRISON & SELEY, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

WILL attend to any business entrusted them in the various Courts in all of the adjoining counties. Particular attention will be given to collections. Lebanon, Ky., Nov. 29.

J. C. MAXWELL, W. W. CLAY.

**Drs. Maxwell & Cleaver.** Office two doors above the Drug Store. Dec 2a 1f

A FINE LOT OF VISITING and BUSINESS CARDS, on hand and for sale at the Printing Office. may 5, 1f

**Drs I. Westerfield, & Son** HAVING permanently located in Shelbyville, Ky., tender their professional services to the afflicted. They will give special attention to the treatment of

CHRONIC DISEASES.

The senior partner has been exclusively engaged in the practice of medicine for the last 25 years. In addition to a regular course of study, he read and practiced these years in partnership with the

Indian Doctor Richard Carter, Formerly of Shelby county, Ky., from whom he obtained all those valuable RECIPES and formulas, for the preparation of his PECULIAR REMEDIES, which have proven so eminently successful in the treatment of

Chronic Diseases. In all cases a simple, uncomplicated disease where a carefully written description is sent them, a stipend, they will promptly send medicines and directions by mail. sep 20

**SELBY HOUSE,** LEBANON, KY.

The Misses Selby

HAVING lately purchased the T. formerly occupied by Mr. J. A. Packard & Co., this method of informing their friends and the public generally that they are now open to receive boarders, by the way of a month. The house has been thoroughly fitted and re-furnished with the most costly and modern furniture.

Those who stay at the house may be assured that no pains will be taken to make them comfortable. The table is supplied with the best of provisions at moderate prices.

The house stands on the N. W. East corner of 1st and Main Streets, to the left as you enter the street coming from Springfield. Jan. 12, 1856.

## House and Sign PAINTING.

THE UNDERSIGNED, having entered into a partnership in the painting business, and permanently located himself in Lebanon, Ky., would most respectfully tender to the citizens of Lebanon and the surrounding country, his services in the painting of Houses, Signs, and other buildings.

We are prepared to do all the painting of Signs, and other buildings, in the most reasonable manner possible, and in the most reasonable terms; in a word, we warrant our work to be done in such a manner as to please our employers.

MUSSELMAN & SPENCER, Mar. 15 1f

## DOCTOR HOOFLAND'S CELEBRATED German Bitters.

PREPARED BY DR. C. M. JACKSON, Philadelphia, Pa. LIVER COMPLAINT, DYSPEPSIA, JAUNDICE, Chronic or Nervous Debility, Diseases of the Kidneys, and all diseases arising from a disordered Liver or Stomach.

Such as Constipation, inward Piles, Fullness of Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heart Burn, Disgust for Food, Fullness or Weight in the Stomach, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering of the Pit of the Stomach, Stomachic of the Head, Headache, Difficulty of Breathing, Fluctuating in the Liver, Choking or Suffocating Sensation, when in a lying posture, Dimness of Vision, D



## Mississippi.

### Alike but Different.

Good wives to snails should be a-kin,  
Always their houses to keep within;  
But not to carry fashion's backs,  
All they have upon their backs.

Good wives like city clocks should do,  
Speak only when they are spoken to;  
But not like city clocks aloud,  
To have forever the last word.

Good wives like city clocks should rhyme,  
Be regular and keep in time;  
But not like city clocks aloud,  
Be heard by all the vulgar crowd.—TIMES.

AN EXPERIMENT.—We have heard a good story concerning a certain town liquor agency not a hundred miles from Hartford, which will do to print. A free and easy looking customer applied to the storekeeper for a pint of rum "for mechanical purposes." It was furnished him, and he disappeared, but not long afterwards again presented himself at the counter for another pint.

"What are you going to do with this?" asked the bar-tender.

"O," said the customer, "we are using it for mechanical purposes just up here in the next street."

The liquor was measured out, paid for, and disappeared. In the course of an hour the same customer once more appeared for the third pint. This the agent thought best to refuse him until he was better satisfied of the use to which it was to be appropriated.

"What are you doing with so much rum?" asked the bar-tender.

"O, it's all right; a party of us are trying to experiment, and are obliged to use this in carrying it out successfully."

The agent handed out the liquor, and asked as his customer received it, "What is your experiment?"

"Why, the fact is," said Mr. Conn, jamming the bottle safely into his pocket, "a couple of us are trying to see whether we can get drunk on your rum. We have punished a quart of it so far without much success, and either we or the rum will have to give it up on this bottle."

### What Men and women are.

A London Review, in answer to the question, "What is man?" says: "Chemically speaking, a man is forty-five pounds of carbon and nitrogen, diffused through five and a half pailsfull of water."

In answer to the question, "What is woman?" a bachelor wag says: "Mechanically speaking, a woman is one hundred pounds of flesh and blood, two pounds of silk, ten pounds of cotton, and one pound of whalebone, with an indefinite amount of fuss and feathers."

Theodore Parker—the somewhat unbelieving divine—taking a vegetable view of man, maintains that his "cultivation is as noble and praiseworthy a science as the cultivation of a cabbage!"

And taking an animal view of the matter, we may add that man is undoubtedly "the paragon of animals;" for he can do what no other animal can—that is, snuff tobacco, smoke tobacco, chew tobacco, and after sufficient practice, swallow tobacco-juice! We do not believe that even a polecat, by any amount of practice, could overcome its natural disgust for tobacco in any shape.

SLIGHT RIDE.—A friend of ours gives the following as his experience in sleigh riding during the present winter: First, he drove out four miles to Bart scott's, tied his horse, went in to warm himself. Horse got loose and started for Buffalo—started after him—horse got in ten minutes ahead with a couple of splinters attached to him, representing the rest of the outer. Expense eighty-five dollars. Second, had two horse sleigh—got two miles from the city—off horse commenced "feeling his cereals"—manifested his delight by kicking out the front of the sleigh, destroying in his manipulations both of the "geese necks." He finally broke loose from the harness, and disappeared in the direction of Lower Canada—drove the other horse to town tandem. Expense twenty-eight dollars. Thirdly, took a gentle horse—six miles out he got not only gentle but tame—the horse laid down, and professed an entire disinclination to go any further. Laid the buffalo skin over him, and walked home and gave the alarm—livery man went—everything gone. Damages not assessed. Have concluded to give up sleigh-riding in toto. Good conclusion.

### Buffalo Republic.

Has anybody heard any "American" offer to bet anything that Fillmore and Donelson will be elected?—Bar. Gazette.

Yes. We heard one offer to bet a very large amount of money—more, perhaps, than he had handled since the last Presidential election—that Fillmore and Donelson would be the successful candidates. His offer was speedily taken up by a half-dozen Democrats; but he modified his proposition by inserting by Proviso to this effect: that the bet should be drawn if the black Republicans should nominate a candidate of their own. Anxious to accommodate him in every particular, several persons offered to take the bet with this proviso; but he was suddenly seized with the notion that he was too strong a pro-slavery man to bet on the vote of Northern States. He would bet, however, that the K. N. ticket would carry at least four Southern States. This proposition was responded to as readily as either of the others, but he again climbed down several feet; and when he left the crowd, he was offering to double the amount, and bet that Fillmore and Donelson would carry at least one of the four States of Kentucky, Tennessee, Maryland and North Carolina! Harrodsburg Ploughboy.

The Washington Union announces officially, that stamps out from letter envelopes are valueless.

A GOOD SENTIMENT.—Charles W. Carigan, of Philadelphia in a recent eloquent speech delivered at the Democratic festival in New York, on the 22d of February, observed.

That the American Union and Constitution had the head to think, the heart to feel, the muscle to work; it was iron blistered by the fire of trial into steel; wine from the trodden grapes. It was not framed upon expediency, but upon principle. There had been men bold enough to calculate the value of the Union; they had crucified it between the two thieves of abolitionism and intolerance and had cast these traitors to the rack. [Storm of applause.] Our Union was not for to-day alone, but for all time; our country, the home of all who seek refuge from oppression. Such is our Union—such is our country. It is the Malakoff that will not be stormed; it is the Redan of liberty which cannot be taken.

"Tis the union of lakes,  
Tis the union of lands,  
Which tyrant's worst deeds cannot sever;  
Tis the union of hearts  
And the union of hands,  
[Grasping Mr. Brady by the hand.]  
Then, the flag of our Union forever!"  
[Tremendous cheering.]

Foreign presses may thunder their anathemas, and home presses may preach treason, but one cause would triumph and that triumph is the cause of the Union.

### Slightly Embarrassing.

A young lawyer residing at M—in this State, seeking to be extra-polite to a very pretty, young and interesting woman on the ears, a few evenings since, took her infant to hold, while she stepped forward to see to her baggage; the train started and the lady was left. The youthful Blackstone was in a fix. He left the ears at M—, with the INFANTRY at a full shoulder, and proceeded to the gate of his law partner, where he set up a vociferous howling. He dared not go further, for the gentleman of the house had a cross bull dog, so he stood there in the winter midnight wind, and howled for his partner to chain up the dog, and come out and help him nurse the child.—Detroit Advertiser.

THE GINGHAM GOWN.—I met her in the sunset bright, her gingham gown was blue; her eyes that danced with delight, were of the same dear hue. And always when the sun goes down, I shall think of the girl in the gingham gown.

Whilst the editor of the Journal is displaying his intense Americanism by abusing Buchanan and the Administration in behalf of England, the telegraph reports the following remarks of John M. Clayton, one of the chief Americans talked of for President.—Lou. Dem.

He approved the whole conduct of the Administration relative to the difficulties with England, and highly eulogized the State papers of Messrs. Marcy and Buchanan. He was also gratified at the energy with which the administration had put down filibustering schemes; and he denounced General Walker as a ruffian, buccaneer and pirate. Mr. Clayton was as partisan of the President, but when our foreign relations are conducted with signal ability he was willing to give the Administration due credit.

MORE BOLTING.—It is rumored that the Know-Nothings of New Jersey are soon to hold a State convention, to nominate Com. Stockton for the Presidency.

The Wilmington (Del.) Gazette says: We have been informed that a gentleman in this city has seen a letter from Hon. John M. Clayton, in which he says he cannot support the nomination of Fillmore, and that, when an opportunity offers, he will give his reasons for withholding his aid from the Know-Nothing nominee.

PRINTED ABUSE.—We recollect once hearing the Rev. Dr. Breckinridge, of Kentucky, remark that—much as he had been abused, and accustomed as he had become to it—he had a horror of being abused in print. He could endure oral abuse from men and women—(we suppose he would not, however, include fishermen)—without flinching; but when he saw himself abused in print, somehow or other it always made him feel as though there was some truth in what was said.—A kind of impression comes over him, we presume, on such occasions, that types cannot lie—though tongues can.

## St. Joseph's College.

DARDSTOWN, KY.

THIS Institution is situated in Dardstown. The site is beautiful and healthy the buildings are stately and very extensive. The playing grounds are spacious and handsomely set with trees. The professors are from twelve to fifteen in number, and exclusively devoted to the instruction of those entrusted to their care.

Board, washing and tuition in all or any of the branches taught, per session of 10-12 months, \$160.00

Extra charges, at the option of the parents, are

1. For the use of Instruments in Natural Philosophy or Chemistry, \$10.00
2. For the class of Mineralogy and Geology, 5.00
3. For Music or Dancing, per quarter, each, 10.00
4. For Painting or Drawing, per quarter, each, 5.00
5. For Board in the College during the vacation, per week, 2.00
6. For use of bed and bedding, per session, 8.00

For further particulars apply, by letter to the President.

N. B. The Collegiate exercises were resumed on the 2d of September.

## PROSPECTUS OF THE POST

Believing as we do, that the perpetuity, welfare, and prosperity of our beloved country have been jeopardized by the fanaticisms of the North; we, the undersigned have come to the conclusion that our voice as a public journalist should be put forward in defense of those things hitherto held sacred by every one who breathed the free air of America; be they Catholic or Protestant; native born or foreign-born. The Constitution of the United States guarantees to every man, who, either is accidentally born within her limits, or swears eternally allegiance to her laws; protection, suffrage, and the right, (particularly,) to worship God according to the dictates of his own conscience. Therefore, conceiving as we do, that the DEMOCRATIC PARTY, is the only one that advocates "Equal Rights to all, and exclusive privileges to none," we shall, in public, as we have heretofore in private, advocate and support the tenets of the Democratic Party. We have had it too often thrown in our teeth, when we wished to show up folly in its true color, that we were "neutral," and consequently had no right to say aught in regard to any political subject, either privately or publicly. We have got tired of this, and although the bustle and commotion of politics suits not our inclination; yet, under the exigencies of the case, we think it our imperative duty to publish a strictly

### DEMOCRATIC PAPER.

Those who take our paper hereafter, shall never have the pleasure of saying to us that we have transcended the bounds of "neutrality," for we intend to have the privilege of saying what we please, and bearing as we do, the burden of TRUTH, we fear not the arrows of error. In thus throwing broadcast, the glorious old banner of Democracy, which we have been forced to do by inadvertent circumstances, which we will explain hereafter, we have only acted in self-defense; but of that, more anon.

Hereafter, our pen, humble and feeble though it be, will be dedicated to the Democratic principles, whilst at the same time, we will not forget to place before our readers each week, matter for their amusement, edification and instruction.

TERMS.—THE POST will be furnished to subscribers at \$2 00 per year, if paid in advance. When payment is delayed for six months, \$2 50 will be exacted, and when payments are delayed until the end of the year; \$3 00 will, in all cases, be exacted. Clubs of ten or more, however, will be taken at \$1 50 each, where the money accompanies the list.

W. W. JACK,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,

LEBANON, KY., December 1st, 1855

### Scott's Weekly Paper.

The Publishers of this large and popular Family Journal offers for the coming year, (1856) a combination of Literary attractions heretofore unattempted by any of the Philadelphia Weeklies. Among the new features will be a new and brilliant series of Original Romances by George Lippard, entitled "Legends of the Last Century." All who have read Mr. Lippard's celebrated Legends of the American Revolution published for fifty-five consecutive weeks in the Saturday Courier, will find these pictures of French and American History endowed with all the power and brilliancy of his previous productions. The first of a series of Original Novellettes, called "Morris Hartley," or the Knights of the Mystic Valley, by Harrison W. Ainsworth, is about to be commenced. It will be handsomely illustrated with 12 fine engravings, and its startling incidents cannot fail to elicit undivided praise. Emerson Bonnet, the distinguished Novelist, the favorite of the West, and the author of some of the finest productions ever read, is also engaged to furnish a brilliant Novellette to follow the above. Mrs. Mary Andrews Denison, author of Home Pictures, Patience Worthington and her Grandmother, &c., will contribute a splendid Domestic Novellette, entitled the "Old Ivy Grove," and H. C. Watson an illustrated Story called the "Two Edged Knife"—a graphic picture of Early Life in Old Kentucky. To these will be added Original Contributions and selections from Mrs. Caroline Lee Hentz, Clara Clairville, Lillie Liberte, Grace Greenwood, and other distinguished writers: the news of the day, graphic editorials, full reports of the provision, money, and stock markets, letters from travelers at home and abroad, &c., &c.

TERMS.—One copy, one year, \$2; two copies, one year, \$3.50; four copies, one year, \$5; nine copies, one year, and one to the getter-up of the club, \$10; twenty copies, one year, and one to the getter-up of the club, \$20. Address, A. SCOTT, Publisher, No. 111, Chestnut Street, Philadelphia.

### Stationery.

I have a good supply of STATIONERY, on hand and for sale, such as: FOOLSCAP AND LETTER PAPER, NOTE PAPER, PLAIN AND FANCY ENVELOPES, STEEL PENS, &c., &c.

W. W. JACK.

ALL KINDS OF BLANKS done in the neatest style at this office.

RAGS! RAGS! RAGS!!

5,000 POUNDS of Rags wanted immediately at this Office, for which a liberal price in cash will be paid. Lebanon, Ky., May 5, 1856

5,000 POUNDS of clean Linnen and Cotton RAGS wanted at the Printing Office, for which the highest price CASH will be paid.

THE BRITISH PERIODICALS. AND THE FARMER'S GUIDE. LEONARD SCOTT & CO., No. 54 Gold street, New York.

## SPRING AND SUMMER STYLE OF HATS AND CAPS!!

My facilities for the purchasing of materials, and the manufacturing to order of SUPERIOR HATS, are not excelled in the Western Country.

I have on hand, and am constantly manufacturing to order

Black and White Beaver, Nutria, Brush, Russia and Otter Hats, &c. Also the Spring style of Hats from the most celebrated houses in the city of New York. Together with a large assortment of Brown California, black and white Buena Vista and Wool Hats.

Mens' and Youths' Panama Hats.

" " " Double and single brim

" " " Pedal Straw Hats.

" " " Palm Leaf do

Infants' fancy Summer do

Ladies' Riding Hats, of the latest New York and Parisian Styles

Rosette Hats, &c., &c.

The above goods will be found equal in quality, and fully as LOW in PRICE as the same article can be bought for in Louisville or any other city market.

The Patrons of the house, and the public at large, are particularly invited to call and examine the assortment.

Of any of our particular shape made to order at short notice.

LEONARD EDELEN.

Lebanon, May 5.

THE BRITISH PERIODICALS.

AND THE FARMER'S GUIDE.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO.,

No. 54 Gold street, New York,

CONTINUE to publish the four leading British Quarterly Reviews and Blackwood's Magazine; in addition to which they have recently commenced the publication of a valuable Agricultural work, called the

"FARMER'S GUIDE TO SCIENTIFIC AND PRACTICAL AGRICULTURE."

By HENRY STEPHENS, F. R. S., of Edinburgh, author of the "Book of the Farm," &c., &c.; assisted by JOHN P. NOBLE, M. A., New Haven, Professor of Scientific Agriculture in Yale College, &c., &c.

This highly valuable work will comprise two large royal octavo volumes, containing over 1400 pages, with 18 or 20 splendid steel engravings, and more than 600 engravings on wood, in the highest style of the art, illustrating almost every implement of husbandry now in use by the best farmers, the best methods of plowing, planting, haying, harvesting, &c., &c., the various domestic animals in their highest perfection; in short the pictorial feature of the book is unique, and will render it of incalculable value to the student of Agriculture.

This work is being published in Semi-monthly Numbers, of 64 pages each, exclusive of the Steel engravings, and is sold at 25 cents each, or \$5 for the entire work in numbers, of which there will be at least twenty-two.

The British Periodicals Re-published are as follows, viz:

The London Quarterly Review (Conservative).

The Edinburgh Review (Whig).

The North British Review (Free Church).

The Westminster Review (Liberal), and Blackwood's Edinburgh Magazine (Tory).

Although these works are distinguished by the political shades above indicated, yet but a small portion of their contents is devoted to political subjects. It is their literary character which gives them their chief value, and in that they stand confessedly far above all other journals of their class. Blackwood, still under the masterly guidance of Christopher North, maintains its ancient celebrity, and is, at this time, unusually attractive, from the serial works of Bulwer and other literary notables, written for that magazine, and first appearing in its columns both in Great Britain and in the United States. Such works as "The Caxtons" and "My New Novel," (both by Bulwer), "My Peninsular Medal," "The Green Hand," and other serials, of which numerous rival editions are issued by the leading publishers in this country, have to be reprinted by those publishers from the pages of Blackwood, AFTER IT HAS BEEN ISSUED BY MESSRS. SCOTT & CO., so that subscribers to the reprint of that Magazine may always rely on having the EARLIEST reading of these fascinating tales.

### TERMS.

For any one of the four Reviews \$3 00  
" or any two do 5 00  
" or any three do 6 00  
For all four of the Reviews 8 00  
For Blackwood's Magazine 3 00  
For Blackwood and three Reviews 9 00  
For Blackwood and four Reviews 10 00  
For Farmer's Guide (complete in 22 Nos. \$5 00  
(Payment to be made in all cases in advance.)

### CLUBBING.

A discount of twenty-five per cent from the above prices will be allowed to Clubs ordering four or more copies of any one or more of the above works. Thus: 4 copies of Blackwood or of one Review will be sent to one address for \$9; 4 copies of the four Reviews and Blackwood for \$30; and so on.

Orders from Clubs must be sent direct to the publishers, as no discount from these prices can be allowed to Agents.

LEONARD SCOTT & CO., 79 FULTON STREET, NEW YORK, Entrance 54 Gold street.

Money, current in the States where issued, will be received at par. Remittances and communications should be always addressed post-paid or franked, to the Publishers.

### Wanted to Hire.

THE UNDERSIGNED wishes to hire from this time on if Christy, a small negro girl, who can nurse, go errands, &c. A liberal price will be paid for such an one. Sept 12 1 W. W. JACK

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1851, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., in the Clerk's Office of the District Court for the Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

## Another Scientific Wonder.

GREAT CURE FOR DYSPEPSIA! DR. J. S. HOUGHTON'S PEP SIN, THE TRUE DIGESTIVE FLUID,

OR GASTRIC JUICE!

Prepared from Rennet, or the Fourth Stomach of the Ox, after directions of Baron Liebig, the great Physiological Chemist, by J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., Philadelphia, Pa.

"DIGEST!" Such is the true meaning of the word PEP SIN. It is the chief element, or great Digestive Principle of the Gastric Juice—the Solvent of the Food, the Purifying, Preserving and Stimulating Agent of the Stomach and Intestines. It is extracted from the Digestive Stomach of the Ox, thus forming a true Digestive Fluid, precise like the natural Gastric Juice in its Chemical powers, and furnishing a complete and perfect substitute for it.

This is Nature's own Remedy for an unhealthy Stomach. No art of man can equal its curative powers. It contains no Alcohol, Bitters, Acids, or Nauseous Drugs. It is extremely agreeable to the taste, and may be taken by the most feeble patients who cannot eat a water cracker without acute distress. Beware of Drugged Imitations. Pepsin is not a Drug. Half a teaspoonful of Pepsin infused in water, will digest or dissolve five pounds of Roast Beef in about two hours, out of the stomach.

Scientific Evidence.

The Scientific Evidence upon which this Remedy is based is in the highest degree curious and remarkable.

Call on the Agent and get a Descriptive Circular, gratis, giving a large amount of scientific evidence, from Liebig's Animal Chemistry; Dr. Combe's Physiology of Digestion; Dr. Pereira on Food and Diet; Dr. John W. Draper of New York University; Prof. Dunglison's Physiology; Prof. Silliman, of Yale College; Dr. Carpenter's Physiology; &c., &c., together with reports of cures from all parts of the United States.

Pepsin in Fluid and Powder.

DR. HOUGHTON'S PEP SIN is prepared in powder and in Fluid Form—and in prescriptions for the use of Physicians. The powder will be sent by mail free of Postage, for one dollar sent to Dr. Houghton, Philadelphia.

OBSEVE THIS!—Every bottle of the genuine Pepsin bears the written signature of J. S. HOUGHTON, M. D., sole proprietor, Philadelphia, Pa. Copy-right and Trade mark secured.

Sold by all Druggists and dealers in Medicine. Price ONE DOLLAR per bottle.

AGENTS.

L. H. NOBLE, Lebanon.

J. L. SHELLEY, Harrodsburg.

D. D. WOOD, Bardonia.

HARPER'S NEW MONTHLY MAGAZINE.

This Magazine has already reached a regular monthly issue of more than 100,000 copies, and is still steadily and rapidly increasing. The Publishers have endeavored, by a well-directed use of the abundant resources at their command, to render it the most attractive and most useful Magazine for popular reading in the world; and the extent to which their efforts have been successful is indicated by the fact, that it has attained a greater circulation than any similar periodical ever issued.

Special efforts will be made to render it still more interesting and valuable during the present year. In addition to the usual ample and choice selections of Foreign and Domestic Literature, an increased amount of Original Matter, by the ablest American Writers, will be hereafter furnished. The number of Pictorial embellishments will be increased; still greater variety will be given to its literary contents; its Editorial and Miscellaneous departments will be still farther enlarged and strengthened; and no labor or expense will be spared to render it in every way, and in all respects, still more worthy of the extraordinary favor with which it has been received.

Harper's New Monthly Magazine owes its success to the fact, that it presents more reading matter, of a better quality, in a more elegant style, and at a cheaper rate, than any other publication.

Subscribers in any part of the United States may now receive the Magazine by mail for three cents a number, or thirty-five cents a year postage, either of the Publishers, Booksellers, or Periodical Agents.

Each number of the Magazine will contain 144 octavo pages, in double columns, and thus comprising nearly two thousand pages of the choicest Miscellaneous Literature of the day. Every Number will contain numerous Pictorial Illustrations, accurate Plates of the Fashions, a copious Chronicle of Current Events, and impartial Notices of the important Books of the month. The volumes commence with the numbers for June and December; but Subscriptions may commence with any number.

TERMS.—The Magazine may be obtained of Booksellers, Periodical Agents, or from the Publishers at three dollars a year or twenty-five cents a number. Numbers from the commencement can be supplied at any time.

Address "Harper's Magazine, New York," post paid.

JOB PRINTING!!

Having opened a large and complete JOB OFFICE, in LEBANON Marion County, Ky., I offer my services to the public generally. I am ready at all times to do up on the shortest notice, on the most reasonable terms, and in a manner to give entire satisfaction,

BOOKS, PAMPHLETS, CARDS, BLANKS, BALL TICKETS, BILLS, P STERS, BILL-HEADS, &c., &c.

Should you want any thing done in my line, just bring it along.

W. W. JACK.

1856.

FOURTEENTH YEAR

OF THE

LOUISVILLE

WEEKLY COURIER!

Acknowledged by general consent to be the Largest, Best and Cheapest Newspaper in the West.

On the 1st of January, 1856, the Louisville Weekly Courier enters upon its Fourteenth Year, with increased facilities at our control to make it a First Class Family Paper, complete in its News, Literary, Commercial, Miscellaneous and Agricultural Departments.

During the year a number of Original Stories, written expressly for its columns, will be published.

Extra efforts will be made to increase its reputation as the best newspaper in the West; and we shall continue, by the agency of active special correspondents, to publish news by telegraph and the mails, in advance of all contemporaries.

Its commercial reports will be full, accurate and reliable.

In politics the Courier is Native-American-National Whig. It believes the period for naturalization should be extended; that the ballot box should be more carefully guarded; and that stringent laws should be enacted to prevent pauper and criminal emigration. But in Know-Nothingism it sees the most dangerous and subtle foe to Southern rights and interests, and will oppose it and its Abolitionism, its proscription, its intolerance, its corruption and its bigotry, earnestly and zealously. Its tone will be bold and independent, always approving the right and fearlessly condemning the wrong.

The next Presidential election the editor will esteem it his duty to co-operate what ever National Party he thinks most likely to overthrow Know-Nothingism and Abolitionism.

The Courier is printed in the very best style with new copper-faced type, on a large and handsome sheet, at the following extraordinarily low

### TERMS.

1 copy of the Weekly Courier; one year, 2 00  
2 copies " " " " " " 3 00  
4 " " " " " " 5 00  
10 " " " " " " 10 00  
25 " " " " " " 20 00

To avail of these terms, full clubs must be sent at one time. Additions can be made to clubs of ten or twenty at \$1.00 for each subscriber.

No paper ever sent unless the money be paid in advance.

And the paper always discontinued at the expiration of the time paid for.

Our friends will oblige us by aiding us in extending and increasing our list of subscribers.

The Daily Courier is mailed to subscribers at \$6.00 a year, and the Semi-Weekly Courier at \$3.00 a year, in advance.

All communications to be addressed to W. N. HALDEMAN, Courier Steam Printing House, 51 and 53, Third street, near Main, Louisville, Ky.

## PROSPECTUS OF ST. MARY'S COLLEGE.

NEAR LEBANON, MARION CO., KY.